



### 901P Loadlock Vacuum Pressure Transducer Models with RS-232/RS-485, EtherCAT<sub>®</sub>, or Digital Display

### **Installation and Operation Manual**

901P Loadlock Transducer Operation and Installation Manual MKS p/n 100017121 Revision: L, February 2020

### Notice

This product is intended for use by industrial customers and should be serviced only by MKS trained representatives. The service manuals and related materials are provided in English at no charge and are intended for use by experienced technicians. It is the responsibility of the user to obtain and assure the accuracy of any needed translations of manuals. If you require assistance, contact the MKS Customer Service group. The MKS Technical Support Group notifies users of record if safety-related upgrades or new hazards associated with the product are identified.

#### Service and Warranty Guidelines

Some minor problems are readily corrected on site. If the product requires service, contact the MKS Technical Support Department at +1-833-986-1686. If the product must be returned to the factory for service, request a Return Material Authorization (RMA) from MKS. Do not return products without first obtaining an RMA. In some cases, a hazardous materials disclosure form may be required. The MKS Customer Service Representative will advise you if the hazardous materials document is required.

When returning products to MKS, be sure to package the products to prevent shipping damage. Shipping damage on returned products due to inadequate packaging is the Buyer's responsibility.

#### **Customer Service / Technical Support:**

MKS Global Headquarters 2 Tech Drive, Suite 201 Andover MA, 01810 USA Phone: +1-833-986-1686 Email: insidesales@mksinst.com Visit our website at: www.mksinst.com

#### Warranty Information

The MKS Instruments, Inc. General Terms and Conditions of Sale provides the complete and exclusive warranty for MKS products. This document may be located on the MKS web site at <u>www.mksinst.com/warranties</u>, or may be obtained by contacting an MKS Customer Service Representative.

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### Safety information:

#### Symbols used:

The first symbol below is used throughout this manual to further define the safety concerns associated with the product. The last two symbols identify other information in this manual that is essential or useful in achieving optimal performance from the 901P Loadlock transducer.

Caution:	$\bigwedge$	Failure to read and follow the message could result in personal injury or serious damage to the equipment or both.
Critical:	STOP	Failure to read and follow the message could result in damage to the equipment.
Attention:	() I	Calls attention to important procedures, practices or conditions.

#### **General safety information**

The safety instructions should always be followed during installation and operation of the 901P Loadlock transducer. <u>Pass safety information to all users</u>.

#### **Safety Precautions:**

	<b>Electrical connections.</b> The 901P must be properly electrically connected to perform according to the specifications. Output pins are not protected against wrong electrical connections. Wrong electrical connections can cause permanent damage to the transducer or interference to measuring performance. Refer to the Electrical connections sections, beginning on page 9.
	<b>Fuse.</b> The 901P power supply input has an internal thermal fuse. The fuse is self-recoverable and should not be changed.
STOP	Explosive Environments. Do not use the 901P in presence of flammable gases or other explosive environments.
	<b>Corrosive Environments.</b> The 901P is not intended for use in corrosive environments. Refer to the Transducer installation section, beginning on page 8.
STOP	<b>Service and Repair.</b> Do not substitute parts or modify the 901P transducer other than described in the Service and Repair section on page 57. Do not install substituted parts or perform any unauthorized modification to the transducer. Return the instrument to an MKS Calibration and Service Centre for service and repair to ensure all of the safety features are maintained.
()	<b>CE marking</b> The 901P transducer complies with European standards for CE marking.

#### Unpacking

Before unpacking the 901P Loadlock transducer, check all surfaces of the packing material for shipping damage. Inspect for visible damage. If found, notify the carrier immediately. Check to be sure the 901P package contains these items:

Part number	Description
901P-xxxxx	901P Transducer
100017120	Quick Start Guide

If any items are missing, call MKS Customer Service at +1-833-986-1686 or your local MKS sales office or distributor.

#### Part number

The 901P Loadlock part number system has 5 digits that identify flange, communication interface, analog output type, I/O connector and sensor sealing type. Transducers can be delivered with customer configuration of various parameters, such as setpoint settings. These specials have an additional 4 digits after the regular part number.

Transducer Model	Code
901P Load Lock	
Flange	
KF16	.1
KF25	2
1/8" NPT-M	3
VCR4-F	.4
VCR8-F	.5
CF1.33	6
KF16 extended	8
Interface	
RS232/Analog	.1
RS485/Analog	2
EtherCAT/Analog	.7
Analog Out	
Standard MKS	0
Connector Relays	
Sub D 15 pin HD male/no relay	2
Sub D 15 pin HD male/3 relays	
Sub D 15 pin HD male/3 relays/Dual Aout (piezo differential)	4 (not available with EtherCAT)
Sub D 15 pin HD male/3 relays/Dual Aout (Absolute)	5 (not available with EtherCAT)
Enclosure	
Standard/Viton sealing	
Standard/Viton sealing/display	4 (not available with EtherCAT)

(**Ordering Code Example:** 901P-11030 = KF16, RS232, standard analog output, Sub D 15 pin HD male, 3 relays, Viton.)

#### Analog Output

The 901P has a standard 15 pin HD Sub D connector and an analog output voltage pressure signal of 1VDC/decade. It can also emulate analog voltage outputs from a variety of other vacuum transducers. The emulation feature can be used to upgrade and replace other vendors' gauges in OEM applications without changing system software. Contact MKS technical support for details.

Special versions Part number 901P-x7020 EtherCAT option, flange only

#### Description

The 901P Loadlock vacuum transducer offers a wide measuring range from 1×10<sup>-5</sup> to 1500 Torr and is based on measurement of thermal conductivity and measurement of mechanical deflection of a silicon membrane.



The 901P is designed for semiconductor loadlock pressure controlling, but it can be used in a variety of applications as a standalone unit or with the PDR900 display and controller unit. The transducer has RS-232 or RS-485 digital communication interface for setup of transducer parameters and to provide real time pressure measurement.



#### NOTE: The EtherCAT® model is not compatible with the PDR900.

The 901P has up to three mechanical relays (*not available in EtherCAT units*) which can be used for process control such as interlocking valves or pumps. The analog voltage output can be interfaced to external analog equipment for pressure readout or control.

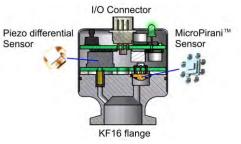
#### Sensor technology

The 901P transducer contains two separate sensor elements. The MicroPirani<sup>™</sup> sensor element is based on measurement of thermal conductivity. The MicroPirani sensor consists of a silicon chip with a heated resistive element forming one surface of a cavity. A cover on top of the chip forms the other surface of the cavity. Due to the geometry of the sensor, convection cannot take place within the cavity and consequently the sensor is

insensitive to mounting position. Gas molecules are passed by diffusion only to the heated element where the heat loss of the gas is measured.

The Piezo sensor is based on measurement of mechanical deflection of a silicon membrane where one side of the membrane is exposed to ambient pressure and the other side is exposed to vacuum.

The Piezo measures true differential pressure independent of gas composition and concentration.



Both sensor elements are very robust and can withstand high G-forces and instant air inrush.

#### Applications

The 901P can be used in many different vacuum applications within the semiconductor, analytical and coating industries:

- Loadlock pressure controlling
- General vacuum pressure measurement
- Fore line and roughing pressure measurement
- Gas backfilling measurement and controlling
- Mass spectrometer control
- Activation of UHV gauge
- System process control
- Sense abnormal pressure and take appropriate security measure using set point relays
- Control system pressure

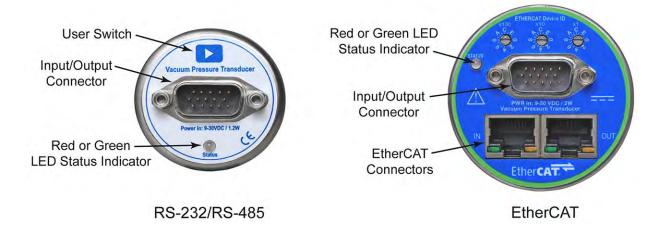
#### Disposal (European Union only)

The 901P transducer is manufactured according to the RoHS directive.



For the benefit of the environment, at the end of life of the 901P, it should not be disposed in the normal unsorted waste stream. It should be deposited at an appropriate collection point or facility to enable recovery or recycling.

#### **901P Functions**



**User Switch** (on RS-485/RS-232 only) The user switch has the following functions:

- 1. Vacuum Zero adjustment (VAC! Command)
- 2. Atmospheric adjustment (ATZ! Command)
- 3. Transducer firmware upgrade mode



If the user switch is activated by accident and vacuum Zero or Atmospheric adjustment is executed, the original factory adjustment can be recovered using the FD!VAC or FD!ATZ command. (See the factory defaults on page 24).

If the transducer is delivered with customer specified parameters, the User Switch is disabled. For enabling the switch see page 25.

#### **LED Status Indicator**

The red/green LED status indicator has the following stages:

LED Color	Flash Interval	Status
GREEN	Solid	Normal operation
RED	2 sec	Power on sequence
GREEN	1 sec	Test mode TST!ON (see page 25)
GREEN flash	3 flashes	User Adjustment executed successfully
RED flash	3 flashes	User Adjustment failed
RED	2 sec	User switch disabled
RED	Solid	Transducer defect
OFF		Firmware upgrade mode (see page 53) or Power OFF

#### **EtherCAT Status Indicator**

GREEN LED	Flash Interval	EtherCAT State	RED LED	Flash Interval	EtherCAT State
OFF		Initialization	OFF		No Error
Blinking	200 ms	Pre Operational	Blinking	200 ms	Invalid Configuration
Single Flash	100 ms ON 1000 ms OFF	Safe Operational	Flickering	50 ms ON 50 ms OFF	Invalid Firmware
Flickering	50 ms ON 50 ms OFF	Bootstrap	Single Flash	100 ms ON 1000 ms OFF	Unsolicited State Change
ON		Operational	Double Flash		Application Watchdog Timeout
			ON		PDI Watchdog Timeout

#### Transducer installation (mechanical)



#### Do not use or install the 901P transducer where the following conditions occur:

- Temperatures lower than 0 °C or higher than 40 °C
- Corrosive or explosive gases
- Direct sunlight or other heat sources

#### **Process compatibility**

The 901P transducer is intended for use in relatively clean environments. The transducer cannot be used in corrosive environments like a semiconductor etch process chamber where aggressive gases like fluorine are used.

If the 901P transducer is located close to a gas source connection like a flow controller or leak valve the transducer pressure measurement can be higher than the actual chamber pressure. Location close to a pumping system connection can cause a lower pressure measurement than actual chamber pressure.

The 901P transducer can be mounted in any orientation without compromising performance or accuracy. *However it is recommended that the transducer not be mounted with the flange port facing upwards to avoid contamination particulates or liquids from entering the device.* 



#### **Explosive Environments**

The MicroPirani sensor filament is kept at a low temperature of only 35 °C above ambient temperature. However, in case of a malfunction the sensor element can exceed normal operating temperature and consequently the transducer should not be used in explosive environments.

#### Temperature

The 901P has an active and individual sensor temperature compensation circuit that ensures accurate measurement in a wide temperature range.

For best measuring performance avoid large temperature gradients and direct cooling like air-condition air stream or direct heating like a pump exhaust stream.

#### Bake out

The transducer electronics can withstand 80 °C (176 °F) when the power is turned OFF.

#### Contamination

Locate and orient the 901P where contamination is least likely. The MicroPirani sensor has a low filament temperature of only 35 °C above ambient temperature; therefore, the MicroPirani is less prone to contamination by cracking products from fore vacuum pump oil.



If the transducer is backfilled with a liquid (like pump oil) the sensor element is likely permanently damaged. The transducer cannot be cleaned using solvents.

#### Vibrations and instant air inrush

The 901P sensor elements are extremely robust to mechanical forces like vibration and G-forces. The sensor element cannot be damaged by fast and repeated pressure cycles or instant inrush of air.

#### Vacuum connections

The 901P transducer is available with different types of vacuum fittings. When mounting the transducer always ensure that all vacuum sealing items and surfaces are clean, without damage and free of particles. Do not touch the vacuum flange sealing surface.



If the transducer will be exposed to pressures above atmospheric pressure make sure that proper vacuum fittings are used. Ensure that the internal system pressure is at ambient pressure conditions before opening the vacuum system and removing any connections.

#### Pressure range

The standard 901P transducer is internally sealed with elastomer Viton sealing and is intended for use in the pressure range 1×10<sup>-5</sup> to 1500 Torr.

#### Transducer installation (electrical)

The 901P is available with different input/output connectors. Use a cable with strain relief to ensure proper electrical connection and to reduce stress on the connectors.



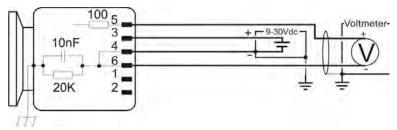
Ensure a low impedance electrical connection between the 901P transducer body and the grounded vacuum system to shield the sensor from external electromagnetic sources.

#### Ensure that the analog output is connected to a floating input.

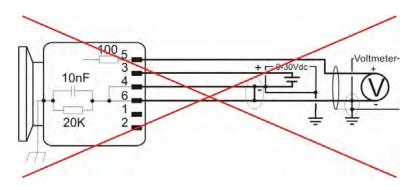
Connect a braided cable to the metal hoods at both ends of the cable with the end for power supply connected to Earth ground.

The power supply input is 9 to 30 Vdc. The power supply input is protected by an internal thermal fuse. The fuse is self-recoverable; do not replace it. Damage may occur to the circuitry if excessive voltage is applied, polarity reversed or if a wrong connection is made.

If using the analog voltage output, connect the positive analog out and negative analog out pins to a differential input voltmeter or an analog-to-digital (A/D) converter. Do not connect the negative side of the analog output to the negative side of the power supply input or to any other ground. Doing so will cause half of the power current to flow through this wire. Measurement errors in the output voltage may be seen due to the voltage drop from this current. The longer the cable, the worse the error will be. Do not connect the set point relay terminals to the analog output.



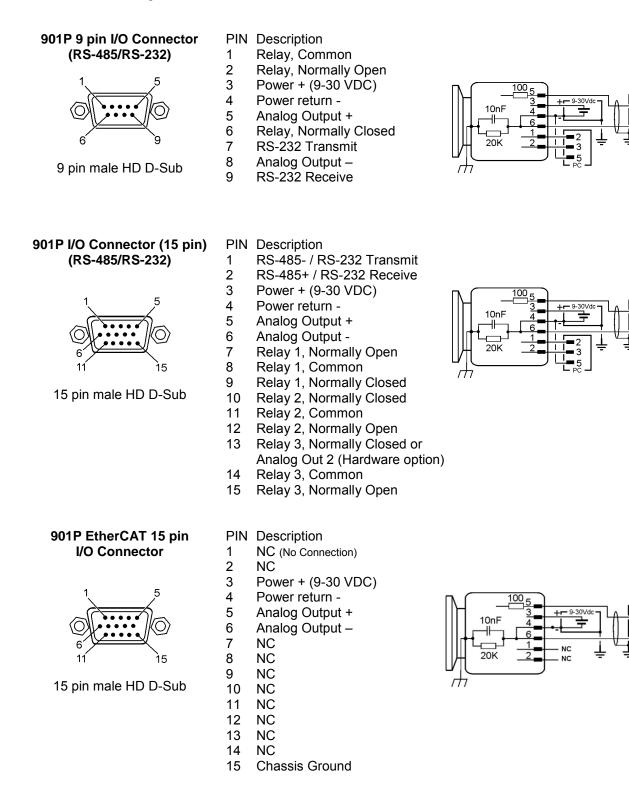
Correct connection of analog output to floating input



Incorrect connection of analog output to none floating input

#### Input/Output Wiring

Connect braided cable to the metal hoods at both ends of the cable with the end for the power supply connected to Earth ground.



#### **EtherCAT I/O Connectors**



#### 901P I/O Connector (6 pin Hirschmann)



#### 901P I/O Connector (8 pin RJ45/FCC68)



#### 901P RS-232 connector (6 pin Hirschmann + 8 pin RJ45/FCC68)



2 x I/O Connector (8 pin 8P8C): <IN> and <OUT>

8

Pin	# Description
1	TX +
2	TX -
3	RX +

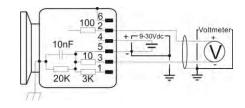
- 5 Not connected 6 RX -
  - 7 Not connected

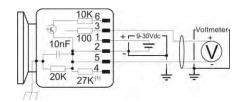
Not connected

Pin # Description

- 4 Not connected
- PIN Description
- 1 Identification resistor
- 2 Analog Output +
- 3 Analog Output -
- 4 Power + (9-30 VDC)
- 5 Power return -
- 6 Chassis
- PIN Description
- 1 Power + (9-30 VDC)
- 2 Power return -
- 3 Analog Output +
- 4 Identification resistor
- 5 Analog Output -
- 6 Set point output
- 7 Not Connected
- 8 Not Connected
- PINDescription1RS-232 Transmit2RS-232 Ground3RS-232 Receive
- 4 RS-232 Receive
- 5 RS-232 Ground
- 6 RS-232 Transmit

P/N: 10001367 RS-232 Cable for Hirschmann and RS45/FCC68 Transducers.





 (1) ID resistor depends on part number:

 901P-xx4x
 27K

 901P-xx48x-0074
 71.5K

 901P-xx8x
 36K

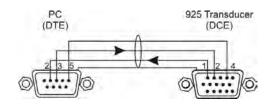
#### Serial user interface

The 901P is as standard supplied with RS-232 or RS-485 user interface. The user interface allows change of transducer parameters like set point settings and calibration.

The serial interface uses the following data format: 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no parity bit.

#### **RS-232 user interface**

The 901P is DCE (Data Communication Equipment) and can be connected to DTE (Data Terminal Equipment), typically a PC. The serial communication does not use hardware handshake. The RS-232 standard does not specify the maximum cable length, but length depends on environment, cable quality and communication speed. In general, cable spans shorter than 15m (50ft.) do not require any extra precautions.



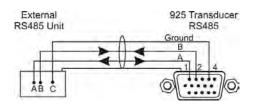
The RS-232 connection on transducers delivered with 6 pin Hirschmann and 8 pin RJ45/FCC68 connector is available at a separate connector. Refer to Accessories and Replacement part number page 62 for RS-232 programming cable. The connector is located under the label on the top of the transducer.

#### **RS-485 user interface**

RS-485 is a network communication system that enables the user to communicate with several units on the same communication line.

RS-485 is a balanced communication system, because signal on one wire is ideally the exact opposite of the signal on the second wire. Compared to RS-232 communication RS-485 allows significantly longer cable span. The maximum length of cable span depends on the environment, cable quality and communication speed, but relative long cable spans up to 1,200m (4,000 ft.) is possible.

There are 2 wires other than ground that are used to transmit the digital RS-485 signal. The 901P uses half duplex communication.



### Always use high quality shielded data cables for serial communication; use twisted pairs for long cable runs. See Accessory and Replacement part numbers on page 62.

The EIA-485 and NMEA standards specification states that signal A is the inverting "-"and signal B is the noninverting or "+". This is in conflict with the A/B naming used by a number of differential transceiver manufacturers which is incorrect, but their practice is used throughout the industry. Therefore care must be taken when using A/B naming. In addition to the A and B connections, the EIA standard also specifies a third interconnection point called C, which is the common ground.

At high communication baud rates and when using long cable runs, a termination resistor of typical 120 Ohm should be connected between pin 1 and 2 at the 901P DSUB connector and between pin A and B at the data communication equipment. The termination resistors provides low impedance that reduces the sensitivity to electrical noise and prevents data reflection that can cause data communication corruption.



RS-485 twisted pair cable run with 120  $\Omega$  terminator resistors (901P with 15 pin connector)



When connecting multiple devices in a RS-485 network make sure that proper guidelines and specifications are followed to ensure optimal communication performance of the 901P. Improper network design can cause data communication interruption and data collision.

#### **Communication Protocol**

The 901P transducer command set allows the user to change transducer parameters and receive pressure measurements. Settings and parameters, such as set point values, set point configurations, and calibration data are stored in the transducer's non-volatile memory.

**EtherCAT Communication Protocol**: Refer to the EtherCAT Instruction Manual #20003335, which can be downloaded from the MKS website. Go to <u>www.mksinst.com</u> and search for 20003335.

#### RS-232/485 Communication Software

Communication software is required to communicate from a PC via RS-232/485 interface to the transducer. In the standard Microsoft Windows package, the hyper terminal software can be used to type and transmit serial commands to the transducer. To the right is illustrated the Windows communication port properties for communicating with transducer factory default settings.

MKS also offers communication software examples that can be downloaded www.mksinst.com/vtsw/

Bits per second (000)	necal Port Settings   Driver   Resource	-)	-
Pady Nony 2 Step bits  1 2 Flow control [None 2]	Bits per second	9600	
Skep ble: 1	Delabit	8	-
Flow control: Nove	Panty	None	*
	Stop bits	1	3
_Аднировс Пантик Оникат [	Flow control	None	-
	<u></u>	rançad. <u></u>	lanton Default

In OEM applications transducer communication software routines are normally integrated with other system control software.

#### Query and Command Syntax

Queries return current parameter settings; commands change the parameter setting according to the value the user enters into the command syntax. Each query or command must begin with the attention character @ and end with the termination ;FF.

Command syntax for an information query: @<device address><query>?;FF

Command syntax for a command: @<device address><command>!<parameter>;FF

The command set allows upper and lower case ASCII characters.

#### **Response Syntax (ACK/NAK)**

The ASCII characters 'ACK' or 'NAK' preface the query or command response string. The ACK sequence signifies the message was processed successfully. The NAK sequence indicates there was an error.

The response to a query or a successful command is: @<device address>ACK<data>;FF

The response to a message with an error is: @<device address>NAK<NAK code>;FF

Examples:

ACK response: @253ACK9600;FF (baud rate changed to 9600) NAK response: @253NAK160;FF (command had an error—possible typo)

The following list provides descriptions of the NAK codes that may be returned.

NAK Code	Error description	Example
8	Zero adjustment at too high pressure	@253VAC!;FF
9	Atmospheric adjustment at too low pressure	@253ATM!7.60;FF
160	Unrecognized message	@253S%;FF
169	Invalid argument	@253EN1!of;FF
172	Value out of range	@253SP1!5.00E+9;FF
175	Command/query character invalid	@253FV!;FF
180	Not in setup mode (locked)	-

#### **Baud rate** (not available in EtherCAT units)

The baud rate represents the communication speed. The 901P supports 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 and 230400 baud rates. The transducer is always delivered with 9600 bps factory default baud rate.

Change of Baud rate:

Command:	@253BR!19200;FF
Command values:	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400
Command reply:	@253ACK19200;FF
Factory default:	9600

The transducer will reply in the current baud rate and then change to the new value.

#### Addressing (not available in EtherCAT units)

The transducer uses an addressable communication protocol that allows multiple MKS 900 Series transducer devices to be connected in a RS-485 network. The address is required in both RS-232 and RS-485 communication.

The address can be set from 001 to 253. Address 254 and 255 are universal addresses, which can be used to broadcast a command to all devices on the network. Commands sent with address 254 will be executed by all transducers on the network and all transducers will transmit a reply. Commands sent with address 255 will be executed by all transducers on the network, but the transducers will not transmit replies. For example, use address 254 to communicate with a device if its address is unknown.

Change of Address:

Command:	@253AD!123;FF
Command values:	001 to 253
Command reply:	@253ACK123;FF
Query:	@253AD?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACK253;FF
Factory default:	253

#### Communication delay (RS-485) (not available in EtherCAT units)

The 901P half-duplex RS-485 interface requires that data is transmitted and received on the same communication line. Some RS-485 transceiver equipment have a settling time when changing from transmit to receive mode. If the transducer replies too fast the first character(s) will not be received as the following example illustrates:

Sending pressure request:	@254PR1?;FF
Receiving data:	23E-4;FF (Correct data: @253ACK1.23E-4;FF)

The RS delay introduces a baud rate dependent delay between receive and transmit sequence to prevent loss of data in the receiving string.

Communication delay:

@253RSD!ON;FF
ON, OFF
@253ACKON;FF
@253RSD?;FF
@253ACKON;FF
ŌN

#### Setpoint relays (not available in EtherCAT units)

The 901P can be ordered with 3 mechanical relays that can be used for controlling external process equipment. The relay has closing and breaking contacts and the contacts are rated 30 VDC, 1A resistive load. If the transducer is supplied without setpoint relays, the setpoint commands can still be accessed. Refer to the part number definition on page 5 to verify if setpoint relays are included.

#### Inductive relay load

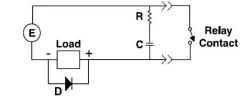
STOP

Special precautions should be taken when driving inductive loads with the relay contact. When an inductive load like a solenoid is energized, the in-rush current is significantly higher than the regular load current. In-rush currents exceeding the relay contact rating can cause reduction of relay contact life time or contact reliability. When a solenoid is de-energized, the collapsing magnetic field can cause significant voltage spikes. These spikes can couple capacitively from cable to cable and interfere with measuring electronics or transducer signal.

Driving inductive loads via the setpoint relay contacts requires de-energizing spike protection. Inadequate protection can cause permanent damage to the transducer or interfere with the analog output signal.

Always ensure that inductive in-rush currents do not exceed relay contact rating.

An arc suppression network as shown schematically to the right is recommended. The values of the capacitance C and the resistance R can be calculated by the following equations:



 $C = I^2/(1 \times 10^7)$   $R = E/I^a$ 

where:

C is in Farad. R is in Ohm

I is DC or AC<sub>peak</sub> load current in Ampere. E is DC or AC<sub>peak</sub> source voltage in Volt a = 1 + (50/E)

Note that  $R_{min} = 0.5 \Omega$  and  $C_{min} = 1 \times 10^{-9} F$ . D is a fast transient suppression diode.

#### PDR900 controller relays (not available in EtherCAT units)

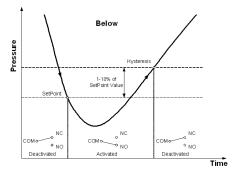
The PDR900 controller has power relays that can drive higher current loads and voltages than the transducer relays. If the transducer is used with the PDR900 controller refer to PDR900 manual for setup of relay output.

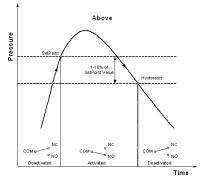


Do not connect any external sources to the transducer relay pins when using it together with the PDR900 controller. Always use the PDR900 relay outputs.

#### Setpoint functionality

The set point relays can be activated either above or below the set point values. The graphs below show the different relays stages in either below or above configuration. The NC contact will always be closed in case of power failure.







When using the setpoint relay to control process equipment, always take appropriate precautions to prevent system damage in case of transducer power failure. The NC contact will be closed in case of transducer power failure.



If the transducer is supplied as a special version (P/N: 901P-xxxxx-xxxx) with pre-configured parameters such as setpoint settings, the setup is per default locked. The transducer will reply with error code "NAK180" if the user tries to change parameters. To change pre-configured parameters refer to unlock procedure page 25.

#### Setpoint setup by Serial interface

The correct procedure for setting up set point parameters are:

1.	Enter set point value -5.00E+1 Torr Command: @253SP1!-5.00E+1;FF	Reply: @253ACK-5.00E+1;FF
	-	

- 2. Select set point direction (ABOVE/BELOW) Command: @253SD1!BELOW;FF
- 3. Enter set point hysteresis value, if other than default +/- 10% of set point value is required. Command: @253SH1!-4.00E+1;FF Reply: @253ACK-4.00E+1;FF
- 4. Enable set point (OFF, ABS, PZ) Command: @253EN1!PZ;FF

#### Setpoint setup by PDR900 Controller

- 1. Edit > Setpoint > Setpoint Value 1 Enter set point value -5.00E+1 Torr
- 2. Edit > Setpoint > Direction 1 Select set point direction
- Edit > Setpoint > Hysteresis 1 Enter set point hysteresis value Only if other than default +/- 10% of set point value is required.
- 4. Edit > Setpoint > Enable 1 Enable set point

#### Setpoint value

The setpoint value is the pressure either below or above which the setpoint relay will be energized.

#### Setpoint hysteresis value

The hysteresis value is the pressure value at which the setpoint relay will be de-energized.

#### Setpoint direction

The setpoint direction determines whether the relay is energized above or below the set point value.

#### Enable setpoint

The enable setpoint command enables, disables or assigns the setpoint relay to either the combined absolute reading or the differential Piezo measurement.



The 901P transducer has an auto hysteresis setting of 10% of the set point value that overwrites the current hysteresis value whenever the set point value or set point direction is changed. If other hysteresis value than 10% is required, first set the set point value and set point direction before setting hysteresis value.

Setpoint 1 value -5.00E+1 Torr

Reply: @253ACKPZ;FF

Reply: @253ACKBELOW;FF

Setp.1 Direction Below

Hysteresis 1 -4.00E+1 Torr

Setp.1 Enable PZ

#### Setpoint safety delay (not available in EtherCAT units)

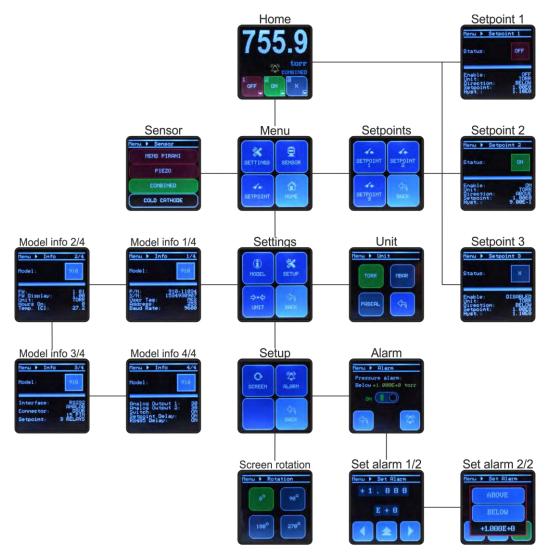
The setpoint safety delay function requires 5 continuously measurements that exceeds setpoint value before the relay is tripped. This feature prevents false trigging of the setpoint relay due to noise. If fast setpoint response is required the setpoint safety delay can be disabled.

**Setpoint safety delay** (not available in EtherCAT units)

Command:	@253SPD!ON;FF
Command values:	ON, OFF
Command reply:	@253ACKON;FF
Query:	@253SPD?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACKON;FF
Factory default:	ON

#### **Integrated Touch Display** (not available in EtherCAT units)

For 901P transducer versions with integrated touch display it is possible to see information about setpoints, sensors, model, and measurements unit. A pressure threshold alarm can be set and for transmitters with multiple sensors, it is possible to choose which sensor pressure value is displayed on the screen. All of this is accessible by the following menu structure:



#### Using the integrated touch display:

When the transducer is turned on, the initializing screen shows the transducer name while starting up. After start-up, the screen automatically switches to the Main screen. To access the Menu, push anywhere on the Main screen. The following table shows the different menus and options available:

Display-screen	Information				
Start-up	MKS logo and transducer model				
Home	The Home screen shows the current pressure, the transducer model, the status of the setpoints, the triggering direction of each setpoint and shows if an alarm is enabled. The setpoint buttons and unit text give quick access to the separate Setpoint-screens and Unit screen respectively.				
Menu	The general Menu contains 4 buttons which lead to: Settings, Sensor, Setpoints menu and Home.				
Settings		The Settings menu contains 4 buttons which lead to: Model info, Setup menu, Unit and Back			
Setup	The Setup menu contain Screen rotation, Alarm a				
Sensor	(green marked sensor).			displayed on the Home sc	reen
Setpoints menu	The Setpoint menu conta Setpoint 1, Setpoint 2, S				
Setpoint screen	Setpoint 1,2 or 3				
	Each Setpoint screen sh hysteresis value.	ows the	setpoint status, the pressu	ire unit, pressure triggering	direction, setpoint value and
	The setpoint status is	Х	Setpoint disabled (Grey	v)	
	indicated by:	PIR		) FF, MEMS-Pirani depende	ent (Green/Red)
		ΡZ		FF, Piezo dependent (Gre	
		CMB		OFF, Combined sensor dep	
	If the Setpoint screen is a	accesse	d via the Setpoint menu, p	ressing the screen will lead	d back to the same menu. If
	accessed via the quick-a	iccess b	uttons on the Main screen,		ead back to the Main screen.
Model info	accessed via the quick-a The Model info screen sl information. Press the sc	nows the proven to	uttons on the Main screen, transducer type and mod toggle through the differen	el number and each screer t info screens and eventua	n has different extra Illy go back to Settings.
Model info	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen sl         information. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)	nows the preen to	e transducer type and mode toggle through the differen Model info (2/4)	el number and each screen t info screens and eventua Model info (3/4)	n has different extra Illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4)
Model info	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen sl         information. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N	nows the creen to	e transducer type and mode toggle through the differen Model info (2/4) Gas type	el number and each screen t info screens and eventua Model info (3/4) Interface type	n has different extra Illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF
Model info	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen sl         information. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number	nows the preen to the preent	e transducer type and mode toggle through the differen Model info (2/4) Bas type Fransducer firmware version	el number and each screen t info screens and eventua Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type	n has different extra Illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF
Model info	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen sl         information. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag	nows the creen to the creent	e transducer type and mode toggle through the differen Model info (2/4) Gas type Fransducer firmware version Display firmware version	el number and each screen t info screens and eventua Model info (3/4) Interface type	n has different extra illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication delay ON/OFF
Model info	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen sl         information. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag         Communication address	nows the creen to	e transducer type and mode toggle through the differen Model info (2/4) Gas type Fransducer firmware version Display firmware version RS-485 testing	el number and each screen t info screens and eventua Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type Number of available	n has different extra Illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication
	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen sl         information. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag         Communication address         Baud rate	nows the creen to ( ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	e transducer type and mode toggle through the differen Model info (2/4) Gas type Fransducer firmware version Display firmware version RS-485 testing Pressure unit Fransducer ON-time	el number and each screen t info screens and eventua Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type Number of available relays	n has different extra illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication delay ON/OFF Temperature (°C)
Unit	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen sl         information. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag         Communication address         Baud rate         The Unit screen displays         Torr, Millibar or Pascal.	nows the creen to ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	e transducer type and mode toggle through the differen Model info (2/4) Gas type Fransducer firmware version Display firmware version RS-485 testing Pressure unit Fransducer ON-time rent pressure unit and give	el number and each screen t info screens and eventua Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type Number of available relays	n has different extra illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication delay ON/OFF Temperature (°C) the pressure unit between
Unit Screen rotation	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen sl         information. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag         Communication address         Baud rate         The Unit screen displays         Torr, Millibar or Pascal.         The Screen Rotation scr         in four directions.	nows the creen to ( ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	e transducer type and mode toggle through the differen Model info (2/4) Gas type Transducer firmware version Display firmware version RS-485 testing Pressure unit Transducer ON-time rent pressure unit and give lays the current screen ori	el number and each screen t info screens and eventua Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type Number of available relays	n has different extra illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication delay ON/OFF Temperature (°C)
Unit Screen rotation	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen slinformation. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag         Communication address         Baud rate         The Unit screen displays         Torr, Millibar or Pascal.         The Screen Rotation scr         in four directions.         A visual alarm can be se         Press Set to change the	nows the creen to reen to reen to reen disp t at a ce utton to	e transducer type and mode toggle through the differen Model info (2/4) Gas type Transducer firmware version Display firmware version RS-485 testing Pressure unit Transducer ON-time rent pressure unit and give lays the current screen ori	el number and each screen t info screens and eventua Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type Number of available relays s the possibility to change entation and enables the content	n has different extra illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication delay ON/OFF Temperature (°C) the pressure unit between
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Unit Screen rotation	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen slinformation. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag         Communication address         Baud rate         The Unit screen displays         Torr, Millibar or Pascal.         The Screen Rotation scr         in four directions.         A visual alarm can be se         Press the green or red b         Press Set to change the         Set Alarm (1/2)         Setting pressure thresho	reen to reen disp	e transducer type and mode toggle through the different Model info (2/4) Gas type Fransducer firmware version Display firmware version RS-485 testing Pressure unit Fransducer ON-time rent pressure unit and give lays the current screen ori rtain pressure. enable or disable the alarm ressure value and triggerin	el number and each screen t info screens and eventual Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type Number of available relays s the possibility to change entation and enables the content n. g direction.	n has different extra illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication delay ON/OFF Temperature (°C) the pressure unit between operator to rotate the screen
Unit Screen rotation	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen slinformation. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag         Communication address         Baud rate         The Unit screen displays         Torr, Millibar or Pascal.         The Screen Rotation scr         in four directions.         A visual alarm can be se         Press the green or red b         Press Set to change the         Setting pressure thresho         The alarm value is set by	reen to reen disp	e transducer type and mode toggle through the different Model info (2/4) Gas type Fransducer firmware version Display firmware version RS-485 testing Pressure unit Fransducer ON-time rent pressure unit and give lays the current screen ori rtain pressure. enable or disable the alarm ressure value and triggerin	el number and each screen t info screens and eventual Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type Number of available relays s the possibility to change entation and enables the content n. g direction.	n has different extra illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication delay ON/OFF Temperature (°C) the pressure unit between operator to rotate the screen
Unit Screen rotation	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen slinformation. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag         Communication address         Baud rate         The Unit screen displays         Torr, Millibar or Pascal.         The Screen Rotation scr         in four directions.         A visual alarm can be se         Press the green or red b         Press Set to change the         Setting pressure thresho         The alarm value is set by         up arrow or screen)	recess b nows the reen to reen to r r r r r r t at a ce utton to alarm pr l d: r selectin	e transducer type and mode toggle through the different Model info (2/4) Gas type Fransducer firmware version Display firmware version RS-485 testing Pressure unit Fransducer ON-time rent pressure unit and give lays the current screen ori rtain pressure. enable or disable the alarm ressure value and triggerint ing a digit (left and right arrows)	el number and each screen t info screens and eventual Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type Number of available relays s the possibility to change entation and enables the construction n. g direction.	n has different extra illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication delay ON/OFF Temperature (°C) the pressure unit between operator to rotate the screen e numbers 0-9 and +/- (pres
Model info Unit Screen rotation Alarm	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen slinformation. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag         Communication address         Baud rate         The Screen Rotation scr in four directions.         A visual alarm can be se Press the green or red b         Press Set to change the Set Alarm (1/2)         Setting pressure thresho The alarm value is set by up arrow or screen)         To accept, press right ar	access b nows the reen to ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	e transducer type and mode toggle through the differen Model info (2/4) Gas type Fransducer firmware version Display firmware version RS-485 testing Pressure unit Fransducer ON-time rent pressure unit and give lays the current screen ori rtain pressure. enable or disable the alarm ressure value and triggerin a green checkmark appea	el number and each screet t info screens and eventual Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type Number of available relays s the possibility to change entation and enables the construction n. g direction.	n has different extra illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication delay ON/OFF Temperature (°C) the pressure unit between operator to rotate the screen e numbers 0-9 and +/- (pres
Unit Screen rotation	accessed via the quick-a         The Model info screen slinformation. Press the sc         Model info (1/4)         Transducer P/N         Serial number         User tag         Communication address         Baud rate         The Screen Rotation scr in four directions.         A visual alarm can be se Press the green or red b         Press Set to change the Set Alarm (1/2)         Setting pressure thresho The alarm value is set by up arrow or screen)         To accept, press right ar	access b nows the reen to ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	e transducer type and mode toggle through the different Model info (2/4) Gas type Fransducer firmware version Display firmware version RS-485 testing Pressure unit Fransducer ON-time rent pressure unit and give lays the current screen ori rtain pressure. enable or disable the alarm ressure value and triggerint ing a digit (left and right arrows)	el number and each screet t info screens and eventual Model info (3/4) Interface type Connector type Number of available relays s the possibility to change entation and enables the construction n. g direction.	n has different extra illy go back to Settings. Model info (3/4) User switch ON/OFF Setpoint delay 50ms ON/OFF Relay communication delay ON/OFF Temperature (°C) the pressure unit between operator to rotate the screen e numbers 0-9 and +/- (pres

#### Pressure output

The 901P transducer can provide pressure measurement output as an analog voltage or RS-232/RS-485 digital value. The digital value is 3 digits scientific notation for PR1, PR2 and PR3 reading and 4 digits for PR4 reading. (For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

Pressure request:

Query: Query reply:	@253PR1?;FF @253ACK1.23E-4;FF
Pressure outputs:	
PR1:	MicroPirani sensor reading
PR2:	Piezo differential reading (measures relative to ambient pressure)
PR3:	MicroPirani and Piezo absolute combined reading
PR4:	MicroPirani and Piezo absolute combined reading (4 digits)

The analog output is per default based on the combined PR3 reading and provides a 16 bit voltage output of 1 VDC/decade standard configuration. Refer to Analog Output, beginning on page 27 for details.

#### Combined reading PR3 and PR4

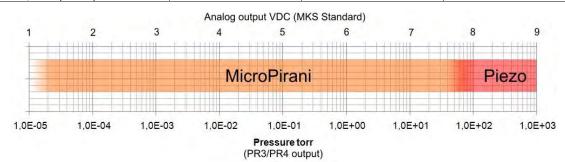
The combined PR3 and PR4 readings are based on the MicroPirani and a normalized absolute pressure measurement. When the transducer is powered on for the first time, the combined output will read 760 Torr (normal sea level pressure) at Zero differential pressure regardless of the actual absolute ambient barometric pressure. The ambient atmospheric pressure varies with weather and elevation of the location where the transducer is used. When the transducer is pumped down below 1.2 Torr the transducer can determine the ambient pressure by reading and normalizing the differential Piezo output with reverse sign. The transducer will automatically calibrate the Piezo absolute reading when the transducer is pumped below 1.2 Torr. If the calibration deviates more than +/- 10 Torr from the current calibration value the calibration is stored in the nonvolatile memory. When the transducer is vented back to ambient pressure the combined output PR3 and analog output will read the correct ambient pressure.

The PR3 and the analog output combines the Piezo absolute reading and the MicroPirani reading into one smooth pressure reading with superior measurement performance throughout the entire pressure range of more than 8 decades.

The PR3 reading provides 3 digits resolution and the PR4 reading provides 4 digits resolution. The PR3 and PR4 measurement switching is gas dependent with the following pressure values:

PR3/PR4 combined reading measurement			
Gas setup	PR3/PR4 MicroPirani	PR3/PR4 MicroPirani	PR3/PR4 Piezo absolute
	Reading	/Piezo absolute integration	Reading
Nitrogen, Air, Neon, CO <sub>2</sub> , Xenon: (MP)	<40 Torr	40-60 Torr	>60 Torr
Hydrogen: (PZabs)	<5 Torr	5-7 Torr	>7 Torr
Argon, Helium, H <sub>2</sub> O: (PZabs)	<7 Torr	7-10 Torr	>10 Torr

#### PR3/PR4 combined reading measurement





When designing pressure data collecting software and controlling loop make sure that the software does not interpret a communication error as a valid pressure value.

#### Resolution

The digital pressure output can provide 3 digit or 4 digit values; however, the resolution is limited in certain parts of the measuring range.

1.00E-5 to 1.00E-4 Torr	1 digit resolution	1.000E-5
1.00E-4 to 1.00E-3 Torr	2 digit resolution	1.200E-4
1.00E-3 to 900 Torr	3 or 4 digit resolution	1.234E-3

#### Measuring noise

External sources can interfere with the sensor signal and cause noise in the signal. The low measuring range is most sensitive to measuring noise due to low signal levels.

#### **Calibration and adjustment**

The 901P is factory calibrated when delivered and in most applications further calibration is not required. If the sensor element has been contaminated or damaged by process gases, adjustment of zero and full scale can be executed to compensate for measurement errors.



# The 901P is calibrated at the factory for reading Nitrogen gas. When exposed to atmospheric air the MicroPirani sensor (PR1) will read higher values, typically 900 Torr at ambient pressure.

#### Accuracy and repeatability

The 901P measuring accuracy is specified as transducer reading  $\pm$  a percentage of the actual pressure. The basic measuring accuracy is factory calibrated and cannot be user adjusted. The repeatability specification is the transducers ability to repeat the same measurement value after multiple pressure cycles. Refer to the transducer specifications on page 60 for actual values.

#### Gas calibration

The 901P is based on measurement of thermal conductivity of the gas and consequently its reading depends on the gas and gas concentration. The 901P is per default set to Nitrogen calibration; however, the transducer has calibration curves for several common gases.

(For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

Change of gas calibration setup:

Command:	@253GT!ARGON;FF
Command values:	NITROGEN, ARGON, HELIUM, HYDROGEN, H2O, NEON, CO2, XENON
Command reply:	@253ACKARGON;FF
Query:	@253GT?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACKARGON;FF
Factory default:	Nitrogen

#### Pressure unit calibration

The transducer can provide digital and analog output in Torr, mbar and Pascal pressure units. When changing unit all parameters like setpoint settings are automatically converted to the new unit, so it will represent the same pressure level. All pressure parameters must be entered in the actual transducer unit setting.

(For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

Change of pressure unit calibration setup:

Command:	@253U!PASCAL;FF
Command values:	TORR, MBAR, PASCAL
Command reply:	@253ACKPASCAL;FF
Query:	@253U?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACKPASCAL;FF
Factory default:	Pascal

The Torr unit is most common in the US and mbar is most common in Europe. Pascal is the official pressure unit as specified by SI (from the French *Le* **S**ystème International d'Unités) and is widely used in Asia.

#### MicroPirani Zero Adjustment by serial interface

The zero adjustment function changes the MicroPirani measurement offset at low pressure. Temporary or permanent shift in zero offset can be caused by contamination, corrosion, electrical noise interference and temperature.



### Zero adjustment only changes the low measuring range and will have no influence on measuring errors in the range from 1×10<sup>-2</sup> and above.

If the transducer is reading 8.00E-5 Torr at an actual pressure of 1.00E-5 Torr, the offset error is +7.00E-5 or 700% error of actual pressure. At two decades higher pressure of 1.00E-3 Torr the offset error is a factor 100 lower when measured of the actual value, so the 7.00E-5 Torr offset will cause a 7% error at 1.00E-3 Torr.



To obtain the best measuring performance, the transducer should be evacuated to a pressure below 8×10<sup>-6</sup> Torr before executing zero adjustment. Zero adjustment can be executed at higher pressures, but this can cause inaccurate reading below the zero adjustment value.

Executing zero adjustment. (Evacuate the transducer to a pressure below 8×10<sup>-6</sup> Torr) (For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

Command:	@253VAC!5.00E-5;FF
Command values:	None, 1.00E-5 to 5.00E-3
Command reply:	@253ACK;FF
Query:	@253VAC?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACK5E-5;FF
Reset to default:	@253FD!VAC;FF
Factory default:	Factory adjustment value
Sensor value too high:	@253NAK8;FF

After execution of zero adjustment the PR1 reading will be 1×10<sup>-5</sup> Torr. If the pressure measured by the transducer is higher than approximately 1×10<sup>-2</sup> Torr then the zero adjustment cannot be executed. This indicates that the transducer is contaminated and should be serviced. See page 57 for Service and Maintenance procedures.

The query feature reads the delta value between the user offset value and factory default value. This can be used to monitor the positive and negative offset trend regardless of how many times the zero adjustment is executed.

#### Zero Adjustment by use of the User switch (not available on EtherCAT units)

The transducer can also be adjusted by activating the user switch. When using the switch the transducer must be evacuated to a pressure below 8×10<sup>-6</sup> Torr. Press down the switch for 2 seconds and the LED will flash green three times to acknowledge the zero adjustment has been executed successfully. The LED will flash red three times if the adjustment has failed.

### **MicroPirani Atmospheric adjustment** (For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

The MicroPirani atmospheric adjustment allows the user to adjust the MicroPirani full scale reading. Vent the transducer to atmospheric pressure using the gas that corresponds to the gas calibration setup. Atmospheric adjustment can only be executed with air or Nitrogen.



### Atmospheric adjustment only changes the high measuring range and will have no influence on measuring errors in the range below 10 Torr.

Executing atmospheric adjustment. (Vent transducer to Nitrogen or air pressure of 500-780 Torr)

Command:	@253ATM!7.60E+2;FF
Command values:	5.00E+2 to 7.80E+2
Command reply:	@253ACK;FF
Query:	@253ATM?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACK1.00E+2;FF
Reset to default:	@FD!ATM;FF
Factory default:	Factory adjustment value

The query feature reads the delta value between the user atmospheric adjustment value and the factory default value.

**Piezo Atmospheric zero adjustment** (For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

The Piezo atmospheric adjustment allows the user to adjust zero offset error for the differential measurement.

Executing Piezo zero adjustment. (Place the transducer in atmospheric pressure)

Command:	@253ATZ!;FF
Command values:	None
Command reply:	@253ACK;FF
Query:	@253ATZ?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACK5E-1;FF
Reset to default:	@253FD!ATZ;FF
Factory default:	Factory adjustment value
Sensor value too high:	@253NAK8;FF

After execution of Piezo atmospheric zero adjustment the PR2 reading will be ±1×10<sup>-1</sup> Torr.

### **Piezo Atmospheric zero adjustment by use of the switch** (not available in EtherCAT units)

The Piezo atmospheric zero adjustment can also be adjusted by use of the user switch. Expose the transducer to atmospheric pressure and press down the User switch for 2 seconds and the LED will flash green three times to acknowledge the atmospheric adjustment has been executed successfully. The LED will flash red three times if the adjustment has failed.



## **Piezo absolute Atmospheric output adjustment** (For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

The Piezo atmospheric adjustment allows the user to adjust the absolute Piezo reading at zero differential pressure. The Piezo absolute output adjustment is automatically adjusted whenever the pressure measured by the MicroPirani is lower than 1.2 Torr. If the value deviates more than ±10 Torr of the current value ATD value the ATD value will be overwritten in the non-volatile memory.

Executing Piezo absolute output adjustment.

Command:	@253ATD!;FF
Command values:	4.00E+2 to 8.00E+2
Command reply:	@253ACK;FF
Reset to default:	@253FD!ATD;FF
Factory default:	Factory adjustment value
Sensor value to high:	@253NAK8;FF

After execution of Piezo atmospheric zero adjustment, the PR3 reading will read the entered value at zero differential pressure.

### **Piezo differential full scale adjustment** (For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

The ATS command sets the full scale reading for the differential Piezo. Enter the applied pressure in the range from 100 to 760 Torr.

Executing Piezo differential full scale adjustment.

Command:	@253ATS!1.00E+2;FF
Command values:	1.00E+2 to 7.60E+2
Command reply:	@253ACK;FF
Reset to default:	@253FD!ATS;FF
Factory default:	Factory adjustment value
Sensor value to high:	@253NAK8;FF

**Factory defaults** (For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.) The transducer is per factory default delivered with parameters and setup as listed below. If the transducer is delivered with customer preconfigured parameters the values are different than listed below and the parameters will be locked per default.

Communication parameters:				
Description	Command	Parameter	FD!	FD!ALL
Address:	AD!	253	-	×
Baud rate:	BR!	9600	-	×
Communication delay:	RSD!	ON	-	×
Transducer parameters:				
Description	Command	Parameter	FD!	FD!ALL
Test mode (LED flash):	TST!	OFF	×	×
User tag:	UT!	MKS	-	×
Set point 1 value:	SP1!	1.00E0	-	×
Set point 1 hysteresis value:	SH1!	1.10E0	-	×
Set point 1 direction:	SD1!	BELOW	-	×
Set point 1 enable:	EN1!	OFF	-	×
Set point 2 value:	SP1!	1.00E0	-	×
Set point 2 hysteresis value:	SH1!	1.10E0	-	×
Set point 2 direction:	SD1!	BELOW	-	×
Set point 2 enable:	EN1!	OFF	-	×
Set point 3 value:	SP1!	1.00E0	-	×
Set point 3 hysteresis value:	SH1!	1.10E0	-	×
Set point 3 direction:	SD1!	BELOW	-	×
Set point 3 enable:	EN1!	OFF	-	×
Setpoint safety delay	SPD!	<b>ON</b>	-	×
Switch enable:	SW!	ON	-	×
Analog out 1:	AO1!	10 (1)	-	×
Analog out 2:	AO2!	10	-	×
, alalog out 2.	AUL:			

(1) If the transducer is delivered with other analog output than standard MKS (part number specified), then the factory default value will be specified by the specials part number.

Calibration	setup:
-------------	--------

Description	Command	Parameter	FD!	FD!ALL
Gas calibration:	GT!	NITROGEN	×	×
MP Vacuum adjustment:	VAC!	Factory adjustment value	×	×
MP Span atmospheric adjustment:	ATM!	Factory adjustment value	×	×
PZ atmospheric zero adjust:	ATZ!	Factory adjustment value	×	×
PZ positive full scale adjustment:	ATS!	Factory adjustment value	×	×
PZ absolute calibration:	ATD!	760 Torr	×	×
Pressure unit:	U!	TORR	-	×

**Resetting to factory default** (For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

The factory default command resets all or certain parameters of the 901P to factory default settings as listed above. If other digital communication setup than factory default values are used, then the communication will be lost after execution of factory default and the transceiver equipment should be set to transducer values.



## The factory default command resets the parameters to the default values and consequently user adjustments, setup, and factory configured parameters are lost. Use with caution!

Command:	@253FD!ALL;FF
Command values:	None, ALL, UNLOCK, LOCK, VAC, ATM, ATZ, SPN

Command reply: @253ACK;FF

#### Transducer lock function (not available on EtherCAT units)

To ensure that unauthorized personal are not able to change transducer setup and parameters, the transducer lock function can prevent direct access to parameter changes. Transducers delivered with pre-configured custom specified parameters (special part number) are per default locked and will reply with "NAK180", if the user tries to change locked parameters. The unlock procedure must be executed to change these parameters.

#### **Disable lock function command:**

Command:	@253FD!UNLOCK;FF
Command reply:	@253ACK;FF

#### Enable lock function command:

Command:	@253FD!LOCK;FF
Command reply:	@253ACK;FF

Standard transducer (7 digits part number: 901P-xxxx) Factory default: *Transducer unlocked* 

Special configuration transducer (11 digits part number: 901P-xxxx-xxxx) Factory default: *Transducer locked* 



If the transducer is delivered with special configuration, the lock function will only be temporarily disabled and will be enabled again after cycling power cycle or executing the enable lock command.



The 901P transducer can be delivered with factory locked tamperproof settings for safety interlock applications. This option is defined in the special settings. If delivered with factory lock the transducer settings can only by changed by returning the transducer to MKS.

#### **User Switch Command** (not available on EtherCAT units)

The User Switch function can be disabled to prevent accidental execution of zero and atmospheric adjustments.

Command:	@253SW!OFF;FF
Command values:	ON,OFF

@253ACK;FF
@253SW?;FF
@253ACKON;FF
<b>ON</b>

#### Transducer test (not available on EtherCAT units)

The transducer test command can be used to visually identify a transducer. If the test mode is enabled the LED will flash with a 1 sec. cycle.

Command:	@253TST!ON;FF
Command values:	ON,OFF
Command reply:	@253ACK;FF
Query:	@253TST?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACKON;FF
Factory default:	OFF

#### **Status Query Commands**

(For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

Query replies are examples that might be different from actual transducer reply.

#### Device Type - DT

Specifies transducer device type name:

Query:	@253DT?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACKLOADLOCK;FF

#### **Firmware Version - FV**

Specifies transducer firmware version:

Query:	@253FV?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACK1.00;FF

#### Hardware Version - HV

Specifies transducer hardware version:

Query:	@253HV?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACKA;FF

#### Manufacturer - MF

Specifies transducer manufacturer:

Query:	@253MF?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACKMKS;FF

#### Model - MD

Specifies transducer model number:

Query:	@253MD?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACK901P;FF

#### Part Number - PN

Specifies transducer part number:

Query:	@253PN?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACK901P-11030;FF

#### Serial Number - SN

Specifies transducer serial number:

Query:	@253SN?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACK0825123456;FF

#### Time ON - TIM

The TIM command returns the number of hours the transducer has been on:

Query:	@253TIM?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACK123;FF

#### **Temperature - TEM** (not available on EtherCAT units) The TEM command returns the MicroPirani on chip sensor temperature °C within ±3 °C.

Query:	@253TEM?;FF
Query reply:	@253ACK2.50E+1;FF

#### Transducer Status - T

The T command returns the MicroPirani sensor status as O for OK, M for MicroPirani fail or Z for Piezo fail. Query: @253T?;FF Query reply: @253ACKO;FF

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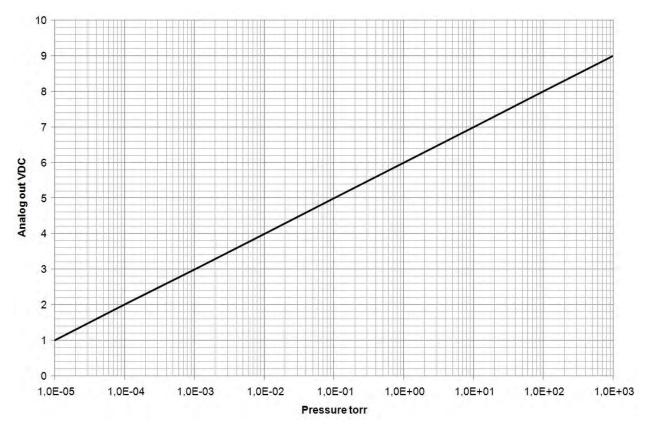
#### Analog output

The 901P transducer provides a voltage output as function of pressure. The standard output is 1 VDC/decade but can also be configured to emulate other analog outputs.

#### Analog output calibration = 0 (MKS standard 1 VDC/decade)

$P_{Torr} = 10^{(Vout - 6)}$	$V_{out} = log_{10} (P_{Torr}) + 6$
$P_{mbar} = 10^{(Vout-6)}$	$V_{out} = \log_{10} (P_{mbar}) + 6$
P <sub>Pascal</sub> =10 <sup>(Vout - 4)</sup>	$V_{out} = log_{10} (P_{Pascal}) + 4$

The standard MKS analog output always provides 1 VDC/decade. If the transducer pressure unit is changed from Torr to Pascal or mbar the analog output scaling will change as well, so it represents 1 VDC/decade Torr or 1 VDC/decade mbar or Pascal.



Torr/mbar	Vout	Torr/mbar	Vout	Torr/mbar	Vout	Torr/mbar	Vout
1.0E-5	1.000	1.0E-3	3.000	1.0E-1	5.000	10	7.000
2.0E-5	1.301	2.0E-3	3.301	2.0E-1	5.301	20	7.301
3.0E-5	1.477	3.0E-3	3.477	3.0E-1	5.477	30	7.477
4.0E-5	1.602	4.0E-3	3.602	4.0E-1	5.602	40	7.602
5.0E-5	1.699	5.0E-3	3.699	5.0E-1	5.699	50	7.699
6.0E-5	1.778	6.0E-3	3.778	6.0E-1	5.778	60	7.778
7.0E-5	1.845	7.0E-3	3.845	7.0E-1	5.845	70	7.845
8.0E-5	1.903	8.0E-3	3.903	8.0E-1	5.903	80	7.903
9.0E-5	1.954	9.0E-3	3.954	9.0E-1	5.954	90	7.954
1.0E-4	2.000	1.0E-2	4.000	1.0	6.000	100	8.000
2.0E-4	2.301	2.0E-2	4.301	2.0	6.301	200	8.301
3.0E-4	2.477	3.0E-2	4.477	3.0	6.477	300	8.477
4.0E-4	2.602	4.0E-2	4.602	4.0	6.602	400	8.602
5.0E-4	2.699	5.0E-2	4.699	5.0	6.699	500	8.699
6.0E-4	2.778	6.0E-2	4.778	6.0	6.778	600	8.778
7.0E-4	2.845	7.0E-2	4.845	7.0	6.845	700	8.845
8.0E-4	2.903	8.0E-2	4.903	8.0	6.903	760	8.881
9.0E-4	2.954	9.0E-2	4.954	9.0	6.954	800	8.903

#### Analog output setup

The 901P can emulate analog voltage outputs from other vacuum transducers. The 901P analog output can be assigned to the MicroPirani sensor measurement (PR1), Piezo Differential sensor measurement (PR2) and the combined Piezo/MicroPirani reading (PR3). This is set by the first digit. The second and third digit represents the analog output calibration. The primary analog output provides 16 bit resolution.

**For EtherCAT Units**: See "Analog Output Curves" in the EtherCAT Communication Protocol manual #20003335, which can be downloaded from the MKS website. Go to <u>www.mksinst.com</u> and search for 20003335.



Due to curve form and limits, some of the alternative analog outputs will cause loss of measuring range and accuracy. For best performance use the standard MKS analog output. Change of analog output setup does not interfere on digital reading.

Change of analog output setup:

Command: Command values: First digit (x)	<ul> <li>@253AO1!15;FF</li> <li>10 to 319 (xy)</li> <li>1 = PR1 (MicroPirani pressure value assignment)</li> <li>2 = PR2 (Piezo pressure value assignment)</li> <li>3 = PR3 (Combined pressure value assignment)</li> </ul>
Second digit (y)	<ul> <li>a - PRS (Combined pressure value assignment)</li> <li>a = RKS (Combined pressure value assignment)</li> <li>b = RKS (Combined pressure value assignment)</li> <li>c = RKS standard (1 VDC/decade)</li> <li>c = Edwards APG-L (1.99 -10 VDC)</li> <li>c = Edwards WRG</li> <li>c = Inficon MPG400 / Pfeiffer PKR251</li> <li>c = Inficon BPG400 / MKS 999 Quattro</li> <li>7 = MKS 275</li> <li>8 = MKS Moducell 325</li> <li>9 = MKS Moducell 325 (x3)</li> <li>10 = MKS Baratron 0.1 Torr (0-10 VDC)</li> <li>11 = MKS Baratron 10 Torr (0-10 VDC)</li> <li>11 = MKS Baratron 10 Torr (0-10 VDC)</li> <li>13 = MKS Baratron 100 Torr (0-10 VDC)</li> <li>14 = MKS Baratron 100 Torr (0-10 VDC) / Hasting 2002OBE, Channel 2</li> <li>12 = MKS Baratron 1000 Torr (0-10 VDC)</li> <li>14 = MKS Baratron 1000 Torr (0-10 VDC) / Hasting 2002OBE, Channel 1</li> <li>15 = Piezo differential output</li> <li>16 = Edwards AIM-S /-SL</li> <li>17 = Edwards AIM-S /-SL</li> <li>17 = Edwards AIM-S /-SL</li> <li>17 = Edwards AIM-S /-SL</li> <li>19 = Pfeiffer IKR251</li> <li>19 = Pfeiffer IR255</li> <li>20 = OBE Channel 2 special</li> <li>21 = Edwards APG-M</li> <li>23 = MKS 275 (0-9VDC)</li> <li>24 = MT 241.1</li> <li>25 = MKS 275 (0-5.6VDC)</li> <li>26 = Edwards APG100M</li> <li>28 = MKS 907</li> <li>29 = K6080-06</li> <li>30 = Inficon PEG100</li> <li>31 = Varian Eyesys</li> <li>32 = Alcatel TA111</li> </ul>
Command reply: Query: Query reply: Factory default:	33 = MKS 685 @253ACK105;FF @253AO1?;FF @253ACK105;FF 30
	00

#### **Dual analog output** (not available in EtherCAT units)

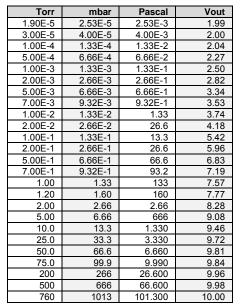
The 901P is available with dual analog output which can be used to provide an alternative output for amplification of range or to emulate another transducer type while still using the MKS standard output. This feature is a hardware option and must be specially ordered. Refer to part number specifications on page 5. The secondary analog output provides 12 bit resolution.

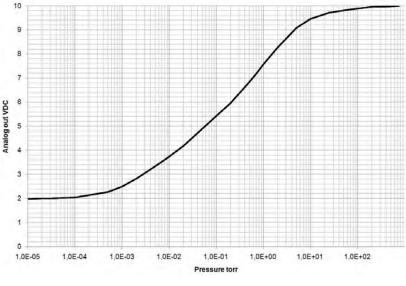
253AO2!15;FF
0 to 319 (xy)
<i>Ise same parameters as primary analog output</i>
<i>Ise same parameters as primary analog output</i>

Command reply:@253ACK105;FFQuery:@253AO2?;FFQuery reply:@253ACK105;FFFactory default:10

#### Analog output calibration = 1 (Edwards APG-L emulation)

The APG-L emulation provides a strongly non linear output with very poor resolution in the low range and virtually no signal from 100 Torr to atmosphere.





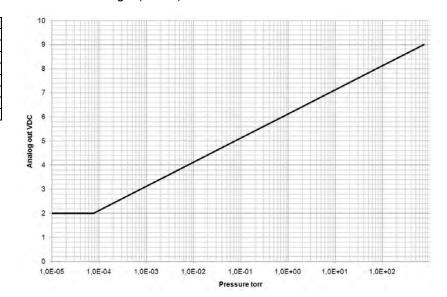
#### Analog output calibration = 2 (Edwards APG-100 emulation)

The APG-L emulation provides a log linear output of 1 VDC/mbar.

$$\begin{split} P_{Torr} &= 10^{(Vout - 6.125)} \\ P_{mbar} &= 10^{(Vout - 6)} \\ P_{Pascal} &= 10^{(Vout - 4)} \end{split}$$

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
7.50E-5	1.00E-4	1.00E-2	2.00
7.50E-4	1.00E-3	1.00E-1	3.00
7.50E-3	1.00E-2	1.00	4.00
7.50E-2	1.00E-1	10.0	5.00
7.50E-1	1.00	100	6.00
7.50	10.0	1.000	7.00
75.0	100	10.000	8.00
750	1.000	100.000	9.00

 $V_{out} = Iog_{10} (P_{Torr})+6.125$  $V_{out} = Iog_{10} (P_{mbar})+6$  $V_{out} = Iog_{10} (P_{Pascal})+4$ 

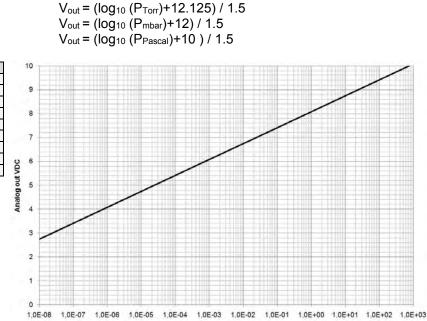


#### Analog output calibration = 3 (Edward WRG emulation)

The WRG emulation covers a wider measuring range than supported by the 901P range.

$$\begin{split} P_{Torr} &= 10^{(1.5\times \text{ Vout -12.125})} \\ P_{mbar} &= 10^{(1.5\times \text{ Vout -12})} \\ P_{Pascal} &= 10^{(1.5\times \text{ Vout -10})} \end{split}$$

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-8	1.33E-8	1.33E-6	2.75
2.37E-8	3.16E-8	3.16E-6	3.00
7.50E-7	1.00E-6	1.00E-4	4.00
2.37E-5	3.16E-5	3.16E-2	5.00
7.50E-4	1.00E-3	1.00E-1	6.00
2.37E-2	3.16E-2	3.16	7.00
7.50E-1	1.00	100	8.00
2.37	31.6	3.160	9.00
750.0	1.000	100.000	10.00



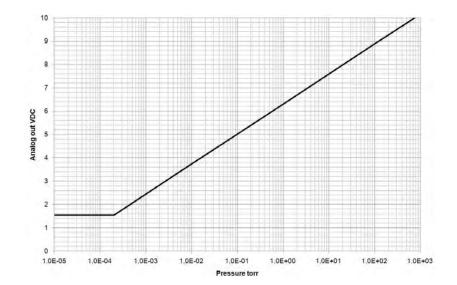
#### Analog output calibration = 4 (Inficon PSG500 / Oerlikon TTR91 emulation)

The TTR91 emulation provides a log linear output. The output does not provide a pressure dependent signal at pressures below 2.00E-4 Torr.

 $\begin{array}{l} P_{Torr} = 10^{((Vout - 6.304)/1.286)} \\ P_{mbar} = 10^{((Vout - 6.143)/1.286)} \\ P_{Pascal} = 10^{((Vout - 3.572)/1.286)} \end{array}$ 

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-05	1.33E-05	1.33E-03	1.547
2.00E-04	2.67E-04	2.67E-02	1.547
5.00E-04	6.67E-04	6.67E-02	2.058
1.00E-03	1.33E-03	1.33E-01	2.446
1.00E-02	1.33E-02	1.33E+00	3.732
1.00E-01	1.33E-01	1.33E+01	5.018
1.00E+00	1.33E+00	1.33E+02	6.304
1.00E+01	1.33E+01	1.33E+03	7.59
1.00E+02	1.33E+02	1.33E+04	8.876
7.60E+02	1.01E+03	1.01E+05	10.00873

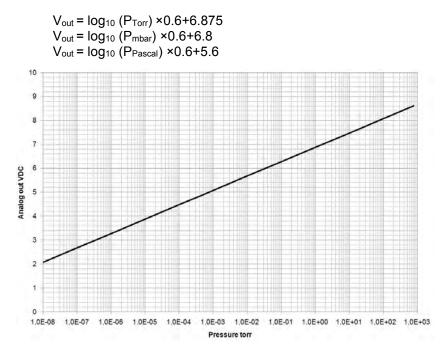
V<sub>out</sub> = log<sub>10</sub> (P<sub>Torr</sub>) ×1.286+6.304 V<sub>out</sub> = log<sub>10</sub> (P<sub>mbar</sub>) ×1.286+6.143 V<sub>out</sub> = log<sub>10</sub> (P<sub>Pascal</sub>) ×1.286+3.572



#### Analog output calibration = 5 (Inficon MPG400 / Pfeiffer PKR251 emulation)

 $\begin{array}{l} {P_{Torr}} = 10^{((Vout - 6.875)/0.6)} \\ {P_{mbar}} = 10^{((Vout - 6.8)/0.6)} \\ {P_{Pascal}} = 10^{((Vout - 5.6)/0.6)} \end{array}$ 

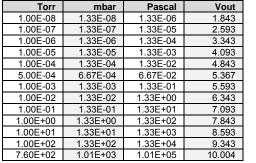
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-08	1.33E-08	1.33E-06	2.075
1.00E-07	1.33E-07	1.33E-05	2.675
1.00E-06	1.33E-06	1.33E-04	3.275
1.00E-05	1.33E-05	1.33E-03	3.875
1.00E-04	1.33E-04	1.33E-02	4.475
1.00E-03	1.33E-03	1.33E-01	5.075
1.00E-02	1.33E-02	1.33E+00	5.675
1.00E-01	1.33E-01	1.33E+01	6.275
1.00E+00	1.33E+00	1.33E+02	6.875
1.00E+01	1.33E+01	1.33E+03	7.475
1.00E+02	1.33E+02	1.33E+04	8.075
7.60E+02	1.01E+03	1.01E+05	8.603

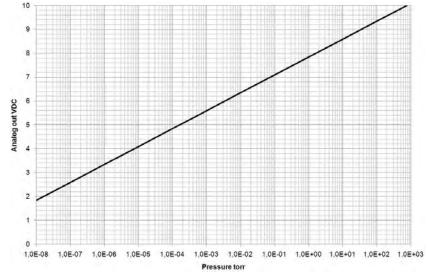


#### Analog output calibration = 6 (Inficon BPG400 emulation)

 $P_{Torr} = 10^{((Vout -7.75)/0.75)} -0.125$   $P_{mbar} = 10^{(Vout/0.75)}$  $P_{Pascal} = 10^{(Vout/0.75)} + 2$ 

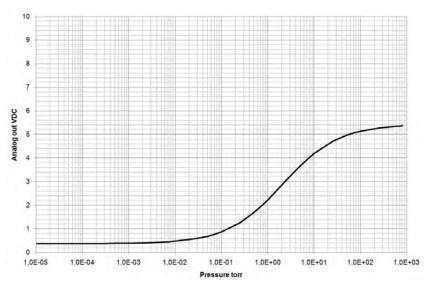
 $V_{out} = Iog_{10} (P_{Torr}+0.125) \times 0.75 + 7.75$   $V_{out} = Iog_{10} (P_{mbar}) \times 0.75$  $V_{out} = Iog_{10} (P_{Pascal} - 2) \times 0.75$ 





Analog output calibration = 7 (MKS 275 emulation) The MKS 275 emulation provides a strongly none linear output with very poor resolution in the low range and close to atmospheric pressure.

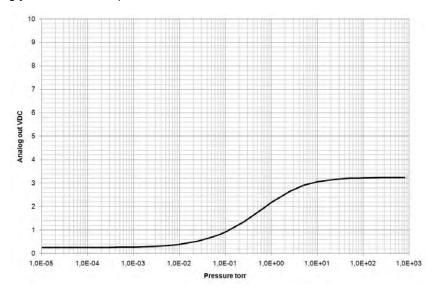
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-05	1.33E-05	1.33E-03	0.372
1.00E-04	1.33E-04	1.33E-02	0.372
2.50E-04	3.33E-04	3.33E-02	0.376
5.00E-04	6.67E-04	6.67E-02	0.381
7.50E-04	1.00E-03	1.00E-01	0.385
1.00E-03	1.33E-03	1.33E-01	0.388
2.50E-03	3.33E-03	3.33E-01	0.406
5.00E-03	6.67E-03	6.67E-01	0.431
7.50E-03	1.00E-02	1.00E+00	0.452
1.00E-02	1.33E-02	1.33E+00	0.470
2.50E-02	3.33E-02	3.33E+00	0.563
5.00E-02	6.67E-02	6.67E+00	0.682
7.50E-02	1.00E-01	1.00E+01	0.780
1.00E-01	1.33E-01	1.33E+01	0.867
2.50E-01	3.33E-01	3.33E+01	1.255
5.00E-01	6.67E-01	6.67E+01	1.684
7.50E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+02	1.990
1.00E+00	1.33E+00	1.33E+02	2.228
2.50E+00	3.33E+00	3.33E+02	3.053
5.00E+00	6.67E+00	6.67E+02	3.664
7.50E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+03	3.986
1.00E+01	1.33E+01	1.33E+03	4.191
2.50E+01	3.33E+01	3.33E+03	4.706
5.00E+01	6.67E+01	6.67E+03	4.965
7.50E+01	1.00E+02	1.00E+04	5.075
1.00E+02	1.33E+02	1.33E+04	5.137
2.50E+02	3.33E+02	3.33E+04	5.274
5.00E+02	6.67E+02	6.67E+04	5.333
6.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+04	5.345
7.00E+02	9.33E+02	9.33E+04	5.353
7.60E+02	1.01E+03	1.01E+05	5.357
8.00E+02	1.07E+03	1.07E+05	5.360



#### Analog out calibration = 8 (MKS Moducell 325)

The Moducell emulation provides a strongly none linear output.

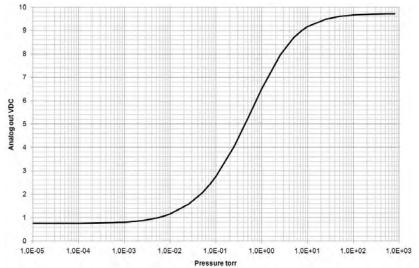
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-05	1.33E-05	1.33E-03	0.2509
1.00E-04	1.33E-04	1.33E-02	0.2524
2.50E-04	3.33E-04	3.33E-02	0.2550
5.00E-04	6.67E-04	6.67E-02	0.2592
7.50E-04	1.00E-03	1.00E-01	0.2633
1.00E-03	1.33E-03	1.33E-01	0.2674
2.50E-03	3.33E-03	3.33E-01	0.2905
5.00E-03	6.67E-03	6.67E-01	0.3251
7.50E-03	1.00E-02	1.00E+00	0.3561
1.00E-02	1.33E-02	1.33E+00	0.3845
2.50E-02	3.33E-02	3.33E+00	0.5215
5.00E-02	6.67E-02	6.67E+00	0.6868
7.50E-02	1.00E-01	1.00E+01	0.8144
1.00E-01	1.33E-01	1.33E+01	0.9205
2.50E-01	3.33E-01	3.33E+01	1.3489
5.00E-01	6.67E-01	6.67E+01	1.7504
7.50E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+02	1.9986
1.00E+00	1.33E+00	1.33E+02	2.1720
2.50E+00	3.33E+00	3.33E+02	2.6512
5.00E+00	6.67E+00	6.67E+02	2.9012
7.50E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+03	3.0022
1.00E+01	1.33E+01	1.33E+03	3.0569
2.50E+01	3.33E+01	3.33E+03	3.1639
5.00E+01	6.67E+01	6.67E+03	3.2023
7.50E+01	1.00E+02	1.00E+04	3.2154
1.00E+02	1.33E+02	1.33E+04	3.2221
2.50E+02	3.33E+02	3.33E+04	3.2342
5.00E+02	6.67E+02	6.67E+04	3.2382
6.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+04	3.2389
7.00E+02	9.33E+02	9.33E+04	3.2394
7.60E+02	1.01E+03	1.01E+05	3.2396
8.00E+02	1.07E+03	1.07E+05	3.2398



#### Analog out calibration = 9 (MKS Moducell 325, amplified 3 times)

The Moducell x3 emulation is in curve form identical with the standard Moducell, however, to provide better signal resolution the signal is amplified by a factor three.

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-05	1.33E-05	1.33E-03	0.753
1.00E-04	1.33E-04	1.33E-02	0.757
2.50E-04	3.33E-04	3.33E-02	0.765
5.00E-04	6.67E-04	6.67E-02	0.778
7.50E-04	1.00E-03	1.00E-01	0.790
1.00E-03	1.33E-03	1.33E-01	0.802
2.50E-03	3.33E-03	3.33E-01	0.871
5.00E-03	6.67E-03	6.67E-01	0.975
7.50E-03	1.00E-02	1.00E+00	1.068
1.00E-02	1.33E-02	1.33E+00	1.154
2.50E-02	3.33E-02	3.33E+00	1.565
5.00E-02	6.67E-02	6.67E+00	2.060
7.50E-02	1.00E-01	1.00E+01	2.443
1.00E-01	1.33E-01	1.33E+01	2.762
2.50E-01	3.33E-01	3.33E+01	4.047
5.00E-01	6.67E-01	6.67E+01	5.251
7.50E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+02	5.996
1.00E+00	1.33E+00	1.33E+02	6.516
2.50E+00	3.33E+00	3.33E+02	7.954
5.00E+00	6.67E+00	6.67E+02	8.704
7.50E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+03	9.007
1.00E+01	1.33E+01	1.33E+03	9.171
2.50E+01	3.33E+01	3.33E+03	9.492
5.00E+01	6.67E+01	6.67E+03	9.607
7.50E+01	1.00E+02	1.00E+04	9.646
1.00E+02	1.33E+02	1.33E+04	9.666
2.50E+02	3.33E+02	3.33E+04	9.702
5.00E+02	6.67E+02	6.67E+04	9.715
6.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+04	9.717
7.00E+02	9.33E+02	9.33E+04	9.718
7.60E+02	1.01E+03	1.01E+05	9.719
8.00E+02	1.07E+03	1.07E+05	9.719



#### Analog out calibration = 10 (MKS Baratron 0.1 Torr)

The 0.1 Torr Baratron emulation provides a signal directly proportional with pressure with a full scale reading of 10 VDC at 0.1 Torr.

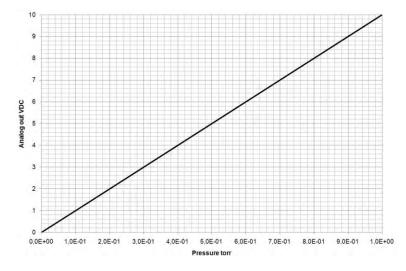
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-3	1.33E-3	1.33E-1	0.100
5.00E-3	6.66E-3	6.66E-1	0.500
1.00E-2	1.33E-2	1.33E0	1.000
5.00E-2	6.66E-2	6.66E0	5.000
1.00E-1	1.33E-1	1.33E+1	10.000



#### Analog out calibration = 11 (MKS Baratron 1 Torr)

The 1 Torr Baratron emulation provides a signal directly proportional with pressure with a full scale reading of 10 VDC at 1 Torr.

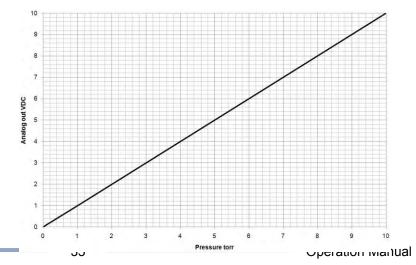
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-2	1.33E-2	1.33E0	0.100
5.00E-2	6.66E-2	6.66E0	0.500
1.00E-1	1.33E-1	1.33E+1	1.000
5.00E-1	6.66E-1	6.66E+1	5.000
1.00E0	1.33E0	1.33E+2	10.000



#### Analog out calibration = 12 (MKS Baratron 10 Torr)

The 10 Torr Baratron emulation provides a signal directly proportional with pressure with a full scale reading of 10 VDC at 10 Torr.

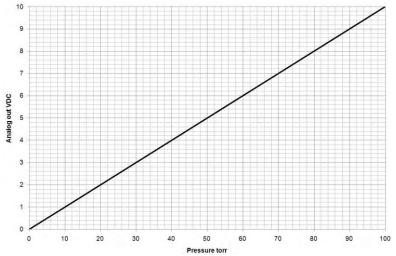
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-1	1.33E-1	1.33E+1	1.000
5.00E-1	6.66E-1	6.66E+1	5.000
1.00E0	1.33E0	1.33E+2	10.000
5.00E0	6.66E0	6.66E+2	5.000
1.00E+1	1.33E+1	1.33E+3	10.000



#### Analog out calibration = 13 (MKS Baratron 100 Torr)

The 100 Torr Baratron emulation provides a signal directly proportional with pressure with a full scale reading of 10 VDC at 100 Torr.

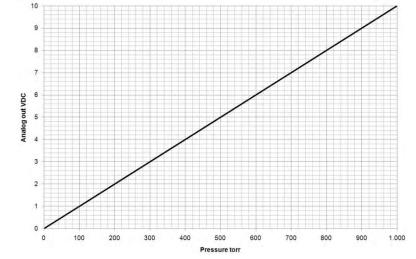
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.0	1.33	1.333E+2	0.100
5.0	6.66	6.66E+2	0.500
10.0	13.3	1.333E+3	0.100
50.0	66.66	6.66E+3	0.500
100.0	133.3	1.333E+4	1.000



#### Analog out calibration = 14 (MKS Baratron 1000 Torr)

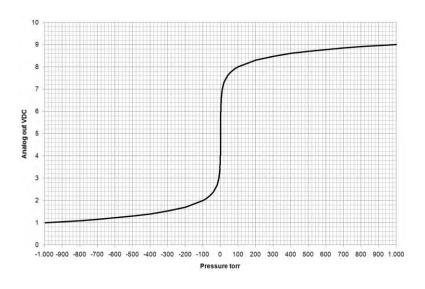
The 1000 Torr Baratron emulation provides a signal directly proportional with pressure with a full scale reading of 10 VDC at 1000 Torr.

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
10.0	13.3	1.333E+3	0.100
50.0	66.66	6.66E+3	0.500
100.0	133.3	1.333E+4	1.000
500.0	666.6	6.666E+4	5.000
1,000	1333.2	1.3332E+5	10.000



### Analog out calibration = 15 (Piezo analog output)

_			
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
-8.00E+2	-1.07E+3	-1.07E+5	1.10
-7.00E+2	-9.33E+2	-9.33E+4	1.15
-6.00E+2 -5.00E+2	-8.00E+2 -6.67E+2	-8.00E+4	1.22 1.30
-4.00E+2	-0.07E+2 -5.33E+2	-6.67E+4 -5.33E+4	1.30
-3.00E+2	-4.00E+2	-4.00E+4	1.40
-2.00E+2	-2.67E+2	-2.67E+4	1.70
-1.00E+2	-1.33E+2	-1.33E+4	2.00
-9.00E+1	-1.20E+2	-1.20E+4	2.05
-8.00E+1	-1.07E+2	-1.07E+4	2.10
-7.00E+1	-9.33E+1	-9.33E+3	2.15
-6.00E+1	-8.00E+1	-8.00E+3	2.22
-5.00E+1	-6.67E+1	-6.67E+3	2.30
-4.00E+1	-5.33E+1	-5.33E+3	2.40
-3.00E+1	-4.00E+1	-4.00E+3	2.52
-2.00E+1	-2.67E+1	-2.67E+3	2.70
-1.00E+1	-1.33E+1	-1.33E+3	3.00
-9.00E+0	-1.20E+1	-1.20E+3	3.05
-8.00E+0	-1.07E+1	-1.07E+3	3.10
-7.00E+0	-9.33E+0	-9.33E+2	3.15
-6.00E+0	-8.00E+0	-8.00E+2	3.22
-5.00E+0	-6.67E+0	-6.67E+2	3.30
-4.00E+0	-5.33E+0	-5.33E+2	3.40
-3.00E+0	-4.00E+0	-4.00E+2	3.52
-2.00E+0 -1.00E+0	-2.67E+0	-2.67E+2 -1.33E+2	3.70 4.00
-1.00E+0 -9.00E-1	-1.33E+0 -1.20E+0	-1.33E+2 -1.20E+2	4.00
-8.00E-1	-1.07E+0	-1.07E+2	4.00
-7.00E-1	-9.33E-1	-9.33E+1	4.15
-6.00E-1	-8.00E-1	-8.00E+1	4.10
-5.00E-1	-6.67E-1	-6.67E+1	4.30
-4.00E-1	-5.33E-1	-5.33E+1	4.40
-3.00E-1	-4.00E-1	-4.00E+1	4.52
-2.00E-1	-2.67E-1	-2.67E+1	4.70
-1.00E-1	-1.33E-1	-1.33E+1	5.00
1.00E-1	1.33E-1	1.33E+1	5.00
2.00E-1	2.67E-1	2.67E+1	5.30
3.00E-1	4.00E-1	4.00E+1	5.48
4.00E-1	5.33E-1	5.33E+1	5.60
5.00E-1	6.67E-1	6.67E+1	5.70
6.00E-1	8.00E-1	8.00E+1	5.78
7.00E-1	9.33E-1	9.33E+1	5.85
8.00E-1	1.07E+0	1.07E+2	5.90
9.00E-1	1.20E+0	1.20E+2	5.95
1.00E+0	1.33E+0	1.33E+2	6.00
2.00E+0	2.67E+0	2.67E+2 4.00E+2	6.30 6.48
3.00E+0 4.00E+0	4.00E+0 5.33E+0	4.00E+2 5.33E+2	6.60
4.00E+0 5.00E+0	6.67E+0	6.67E+2	6.70
6.00E+0	8.00E+0	8.00E+2	6.78
7.00E+0	9.33E+0	9.33E+2	6.85
8.00E+0	1.07E+1	1.07E+3	6.90
9.00E+0	1.20E+1	1.20E+3	6.95
1.00E+1	1.33E+1	1.33E+3	7.00
2.00E+1	2.67E+1	2.67E+3	7.30
3.00E+1	4.00E+1	4.00E+3	7.48
4.00E+1	5.33E+1	5.33E+3	7.60
5.00E+1	6.67E+1	6.67E+3	7.70
6.00E+1	8.00E+1	8.00E+3	7.78
7.00E+1	9.33E+1	9.33E+3	7.85
8.00E+1	1.07E+2	1.07E+4	7.90
9.00E+1	1.20E+2	1.20E+4	7.95
1.00E+2	1.33E+2	1.33E+4	8.00
2.00E+2	2.67E+2	2.67E+4	8.30
3.00E+2	4.00E+2 5.33E+2	4.00E+4 5.33E+4	8.48
4.00E+2 5.00E+2	6.67E+2	6.67E+4	8.60 8.70
6.00E+2	8.00E+2	8.00E+4	8.78
7.00E+2	9.33E+2	9.33E+4	8.85
8.00E+2	9.33L+2 1.07E+3	1.07E+5	8.90
9.00E+2	1.20E+3	1.20E+5	8.95
1.00E+3	1.33E+3	1.33E+5	9.00
			0.00



For positive pressure (V<sub>out</sub>>5Vdc)

Piezo pressure = 10<sup>(PZVout-6)</sup>

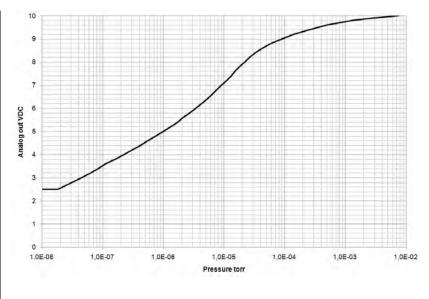
For negative pressure (V<sub>out</sub>SoVdc): -1 Piezo pressure = \_\_\_\_\_

10<sup>(PZVout-4)</sup>

### Analog out calibration = 16 (Edwards AIM-S /-SL)

The Edwards AIM-S / SL emulation provides a strongly non-linear output. The 901P provides only values above 1.00E-5 Torr.

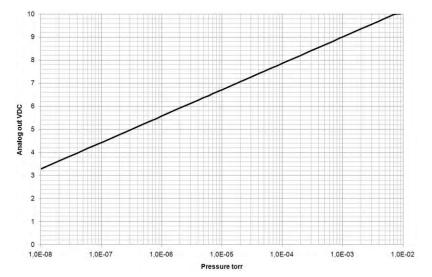
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-8	1.33E-8	1.33E-6	2.5
1.80E-8	2.40E-8	2.40E-6	2.5
4.40E-8	5.87E-8	5.87E-6	3
6.10E-8	8.13E-8	8.13E-6	3.2
8.30E-8	1.11E-7	1.11E-5	3.4
1.10E-7	1.47E-7	1.47E-5	3.6
2.20E-7	2.93E-7	2.93E-5	4
5.50E-7	7.33E-7	7.33E-5	4.6
7.40E-7	9.87E-7	9.87E-5	4.8
9.80E-7	1.31E-6	1.31E-4	5
1.30E-6	1.73E-6	1.73E-4	5.2
2.10E-6	2.80E-6	2.80E-4	5.6
3.40E-6	4.53E-6	4.53E-4	6
4.20E-6	5.60E-6	5.60E-4	6.2
5.20E-6	6.93E-6	6.93E-4	6.4
7.50E-6	1.00E-5	1.00E-3	6.8
9.00E-6	1.20E-5	1.20E-3	7
1.10E-5	1.47E-5	1.47E-3	7.2
2.20E-5	2.93E-5	2.93E-3	8
3.20E-5	4.27E-5	4.27E-3	8.4
4.30E-5	5.73E-5	5.73E-3	8.6
5.90E-5	7.87E-5	7.87E-3	8.8
9.00E-5	1.20E-4	1.20E-2	9
1.40E-4	1.87E-4	1.87E-2	9.2
2.5E-4	3.33E-4	3.33E-2	9.4
5.0E-4	6.67E-4	6.67E-2	9.6
1.3E-3	1.73E-3	1.73E-1	9.8
2.7E-3	3.60E-3	3.60E-1	9.9
7.5E-3	1.00E-2	1.00E+0	10



## Analog out calibration = 17 (Edwards AIM-X /-XL)

The Edwards AIM-X / XL emulation provides a log linear output. The 901P provides only values above 1.00E-5 Torr.

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-8	1.33E-8	1.33E-6	3.286
5.00E-8	6.67E-8	6.67E-6	4.084
1.00E-7	1.33E-7	1.33E-5	4.428
5.00E-7	6.67E-7	6.67E-5	5.227
1.00E-6	1.33E-6	1.33E-4	5.571
5.00E-6	6.67E-6	6.67E-4	6.370
1.00E-5	1.33E-5	1.33E-3	6.714
5.00E-5	6.67E-5	6.67E-3	7.513
1.00E-4	1.33E-4	1.33E-2	7.857
5.00E-4	6.67E-4	6.67E-2	8.656
1.00E-3	1.33E-3	1.33E-1	9.000
5.00E-3	6.67E-3	6.67E-1	9.799



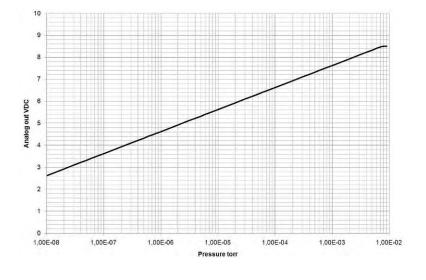
### Analog out calibration = 18 (Pfeiffer IKR251)

The Pfeiffer IKR251 emulation provides a log linear output. The 901P provides provide only values above 1E-5 Torr.

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
5.00E-9	6.67E-9	6.67E-7	2.3240
1.00E-8	1.33E-8	1.33E-6	2.6250
5.00E-8	6.67E-8	6.67E-6	3.3240
1.00E-7	1.33E-7	1.33E-5	3.6250
5.00E-7	6.67E-7	6.67E-5	4.3240
1.00E-6	1.33E-6	1.33E-4	4.6250
5.00E-6	6.67E-6	6.67E-4	5.3240
1.00E-5	1.33E-5	1.33E-3	5.6250
5.00E-5	6.67E-5	6.67E-3	6.3240
1.00E-4	1.33E-4	1.33E-2	6.6250
5.00E-4	6.67E-4	6.67E-2	7.3240
1.00E-3	1.33E-3	1.33E-1	7.6250
5.00E-3	6.67E-3	6.67E-1	8.3240
9.00E-3	1.20E-2	1.20E+0	8.5000

$$P = 10^{(Vout - c)}$$
$$V_{out} = c + \log_{10}(P)$$

	С
mbar	10.5
Torr	10.625
Pascal	8.5



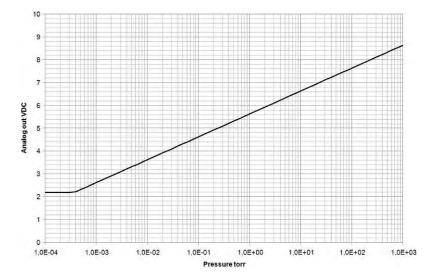
### Analog out calibration = 19 (Pfeiffer TPR265, Pfeiffer TPR280, Inficon TPR280) The Pfeiffer TPR265 emulation provides a log linear output.

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-4	1.33E-4	1.33E-2	2.199
4.00E-4	5.33E-4	5.33E-2	2.227
5.00E-4	6.67E-4	6.67E-2	2.324
1.00E-3	1.33E3	1.33E-1	2.625
5.00E-3	6.67E-3	6.67E-1	3.324
1.00E-2	1.33E-2	1.33E+0	3.625
5.00E-2	6.67E2	6.67E+0	4.324
1.00E-1	1.33E-1	1.33E+1	4.625
5.00E-1	6.67E-1	6.67E+1	5.324
1.00E+0	1.33E+0	1.33E+2	5.625
5.00E+0	6.67E+0	6.67E+2	6.324
1.00E+1	1.33E+1	1.33E+3	6.625
5.00E+1	6.67E+1	6.67E+3	7.324
1.00E+2	1.33E+2	1.33E+4	7.625
5.00E+2	6.67E+2	6.67E+4	8.324
9.00E+2	1.20E+3	1.20E+5	8.579
1.00E+3	1.33E+3	1.33E+5	8.625

# $P = 10^{(Vout - c)}$

 $V_{out} = c + log_{10}(P)$ 

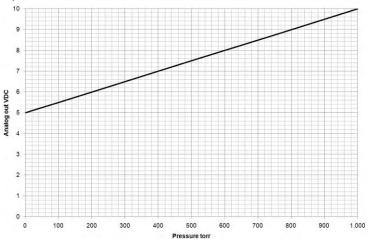
	С
mbar	5.5
Torr	5.625
Pascal	3.5



### Analog out calibration = 20 (OBE Special)

The OBE special emulation provides a linear output from 1 to 1000 Torr.

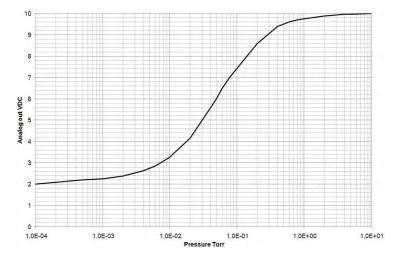
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
0.1	1.33E-01	1.33E+01	5
1	1.33E+00	1.33E+02	5
2	2.67E+00	2.67E+02	5.005
4	5.33E+00	5.33E+02	5.015
5	6.67E+00	6.67E+02	5.02
10	1.33E+01	1.33E+03	5.045
25	3.33E+01	3.33E+03	5.12
50	6.67E+01	6.67E+03	5.245
75	1.00E+02	1.00E+04	5.37
100	1.33E+02	1.33E+04	5.495
250	3.33E+02	3.33E+04	6.245
500	6.67E+02	6.67E+04	7.495
750	1.00E+03	1.00E+05	8.745
1000	1.33E+03	1.33E+05	9.995



### Analog out calibration = 21 (Edwards DV6M)

The Edwards DV6M emulation provides a strongly non-linear output with up to 10 Torr.

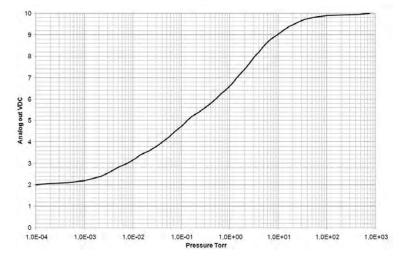
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
0.0001	1.33E-04	1.33E-02	2
0.0005	6.67E-04	6.67E-02	2.19
0.001	1.33E-03	1.33E-01	2.25
0.002	2.67E-03	2.67E-01	2.38
0.004	5.33E-03	5.33E-01	2.62
0.006	8.00E-03	8.00E-01	2.84
0.008	1.07E-02	1.07E+00	3.06
0.01	1.33E-02	1.33E+00	3.27
0.02	2.67E-02	2.67E+00	4.16
0.04	5.33E-02	5.33E+00	5.56
0.05	6.67E-02	6.67E+00	6.01
0.06	8.00E-02	8.00E+00	6.46
0.08	1.07E-01	1.07E+01	7.04
0.1	1.33E-01	1.33E+01	7.42
0.2	2.67E-01	2.67E+01	8.59
0.4	5.33E-01	5.33E+01	9.4
0.5	6.67E-01	6.67E+01	9.5
0.6	8.00E-01	8.00E+01	9.6
0.8	1.07E+00	1.07E+02	9.71
1	1.33E+00	1.33E+02	9.76
2	2.67E+00	2.67E+02	9.89
4	5.33E+00	5.33E+02	9.96
5	6.67E+00	6.67E+02	9.97
10	1.33E+01	1.33E+03	10



### Analog out calibration = 22 (Edwards APG-M)

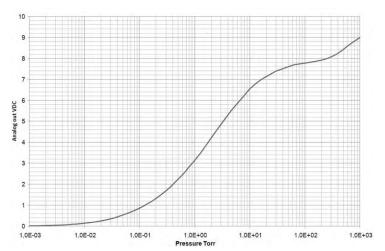
The Edwards APG-M emulation provides a strongly non-linear output.

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-4	1.33E-4	1.33E-1	2.0
1.02E-3	1.36E-03	1.36E-01	2.2
7.65E-3	1.02E-02	1.02E+00	3
4.12E-2	5.49E-02	5.49E+00	4
1.32E-1	1.76E-01	1.76E+01	5
5.12E-1	6.83E-01	6.83E+01	6
1.4	1.87E+00	1.87E+02	7
3.29	4.39E+00	4.39E+02	8
9.53	1.27E+01	1.27E+03	9
16.8	2.24E+01	2.24E+03	9.4
26.5	3.53E+01	3.53E+03	9.6
49.9	6.65E+01	6.65E+03	9.8
106	1.41E+02	1.41E+04	9.9
462	6.16E+02	6.16E+04	9.95
760	1.01E+03	1.01E+05	10



Analog Output calibration = 23 (MKS 275 Emulation 9 VDC FS) The MKS 275 emulation with 9VDC full scale provides a strongly non-linear output with very poor resolution in the low range and close to atmospheric pressure.

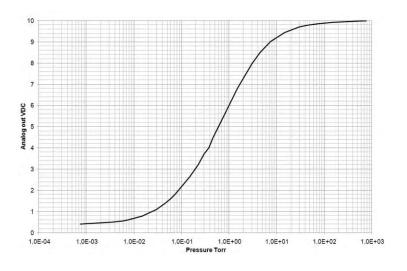
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-03	1.34E-03	1.34E-01	0.015
1.32E-03	1.76E-03	1.76E-01	0.020
3.38E-03	4.51E-03	4.51E-01	0.050
4.81E-03	6.41E-03	6.41E-01	0.070
6.28E-03	8.37E-03	8.37E-01	0.090
7.03E-03	9.37E-03	9.37E-01	0.100
1.52E-02	2.02E-02	2.02E+00	0.200
2.45E-02	3.26E-02	3.26E+00	0.300
3.50E-02	4.66E-02	4.66E+00	0.400
4.67E-02	6.23E-02	6.23E+00	0.500
5.98E-02	7.97E-02	7.97E+00	0.600
7.42E-02	9.90E-02	9.90E+00	0.700
9.01E-02	1.20E-01	1.20E+01	0.800
1.07E-01	1.43E-01	1.43E+01	0.900
1.26E-01	1.68E-01	1.68E+01	1.000
1.69E-01	2.25E-01	2.25E+01	1.200
2.18E-01	2.90E-01	2.90E+01	1.400
2.74E-01	3.65E-01	3.65E+01	1.600
3.53E-01	4.71E-01	4.71E+01	1.846
0.4092	5.46E-01	5.46E+01	2.000
0.4879	6.51E-01	6.51E+01	2.200
0.5755	7.67E-01	7.67E+01	2.400
0.6734	8.98E-01	8.98E+01	2.600
0.7836	1.04E+00	1.04E+02	2.800
0.9076	1.21E+00	1.21E+02	3.000
1.02	1.36E+00	1.36E+02	3.164
1.28	1.71E+00	1.71E+02	3.500
1.77	2.37E+00	2.37E+02	4.000
2.24	2.98E+00	2.98E+02	4.390
3.26	4.34E+00	4.34E+02	5.000
4.57	6.09E+00	6.09E+02	5.500
6.65	8.86E+00	8.86E+02	6.000
10.1	1.34E+01	1.34E+03	6.548
12.9	1.71E+01	1.71E+03	6.800
16.1	2.15E+01	2.15E+03	7.000
29.4	3.92E+01	3.92E+03	7.383
56.6	7.55E+01	7.55E+03	7.647
64.1	8.55E+01 1.52E+02	8.55E+03	7.700
114.1 200.7	2.68E+02	1.52E+04 2.68E+04	7.800
200.7	2.08E+02 3.43E+02	2.06E+04 3.43E+04	8.000
257.0	3.43E+02 4.19E+02	3.43E+04 4.19E+04	8.100
368.5	4.19E+02 4.91E+02	4.19E+04 4.91E+04	8.200
478.0	6.37E+02	6.37E+04	8.400
606.0	8.08E+02	8.08E+04	8.600
773.1	1.03E+02	0.08E+04 1.03E+05	8.800
113.1	1.035-03	1.035+05	0.000



### Analog Output calibration = 24 (Thyracont MT241.1-5)

The MT241 emulation provides a strongly non-linear output with limited resolution in the low range and close to atmosphere.

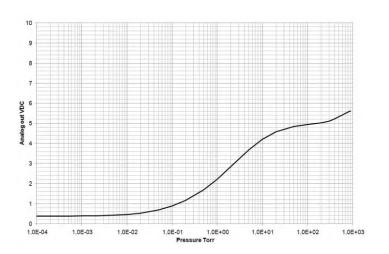
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
7.50E-4	1.00E-03	1.00E-01	0.41
3.00E-3	4.00E-03	4.00E-01	0.48
3.75E-3	5.00E-03	5.00E-01	0.5
6.00E-3	8.00E-03	8.00E-01	0.55
7.50E-3	1.00E-02	1.00E+00	0.61
1.50E-2	2.00E-02	2.00E+00	0.79
3.00E-2	4.00E-02	4.00E+00	1.1
4.50E-2	6.00E-02	6.00E+00	1.37
6.00E-2	8.00E-02	8.00E+00	1.6
7.50E-2	1.00E-01	1.00E+01	1.83
1.50E-1	2.00E-01	2.00E+01	2.64
2.25E-1	3.00E-01	3.00E+01	3.2
3.00E-1	4.00E-01	4.00E+01	3.71
3.75E-1	5.00E-01	5.00E+01	4
4.50E-1	6.00E-01	6.00E+01	4.45
6.00E-1	8.00E-01	8.00E+01	5
7.50E-1	1.00E+00	1.00E+02	5.44
3	4.00E+00	4.00E+02	7.96
5	6.00E+00	6.00E+02	8.5
8	1.00E+01	1.00E+03	9.01
15	2.00E+01	2.00E+03	9.45
30	4.00E+01	4.00E+03	9.7
45	6.00E+01	6.00E+03	9.78
75	1.00E+02	1.00E+04	9.85
150	2.00E+02	2.00E+04	9.92
300	4.00E+02	4.00E+04	9.95
450	6.00E+02	6.00E+04	9.96
600	8.00E+02	8.00E+04	9.98
750	1.00E+03	1.00E+05	9.99



### Analog Output calibration = 25 (MKS 275 Emulation 5.6 VDC FS)

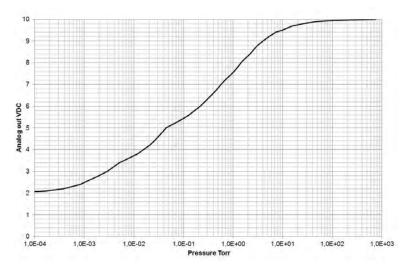
The MKS 275 emulation with 5.6VDC full scale provides a strongly non-linear output with very poor resolution in the low range and close to atmospheric pressure.

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-04	1.33E-04	1.33E-02	0.375
2.00E-04	2.67E-04	2.67E-02	0.377
5.00E-04	6.67E-04	6.67E-02	0.379
1.00E-03	1.33E-03	1.33E-01	0.384
2.00E-03	2.67E-03	2.67E-01	0.392
5.00E-03	6.67E-03	6.67E-01	0.417
1.00E-02	1.33E-02	1.33E+00	0.455
2.00E-02	2.67E-02	2.67E+00	0.523
5.00E-02	6.67E-02	6.67E+00	0.682
1.00E-01	1.33E-01	1.33E+01	0.878
2.00E-01	2.67E-01	2.67E+01	1.155
5.00E-01	6.67E-01	6.67E+01	1.683
1.00E+00	1.33E+00	1.33E+02	2.217
2.00E+00	2.67E+00	2.67E+02	2.842
5.00E+00	6.67E+00	6.67E+02	3.675
1.00E+01	1.33E+01	1.33E+03	4.206
2.00E+01	2.67E+01	2.67E+03	4.577
5.00E+01	6.67E+01	6.67E+03	4.846
1.00E+02	1.33E+02	1.33E+04	4.945
2.00E+02	2.67E+02	2.67E+04	5.019
3.00E+02	4.00E+02	4.00E+04	5.111
4.00E+02	5.33E+02	5.33E+04	5.224
5.00E+02	6.67E+02	6.67E+04	5.329
6.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+04	5.419
7.00E+02	9.33E+02	9.33E+04	5.495
7.60E+02	1.01E+03	1.01E+05	5.534
8.00E+02	1.07E+03	1.07E+05	5.558
9.00E+02	1.20E+03	1.20E+05	5.614



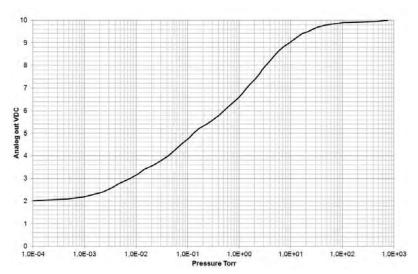
Analog Output calibration = 26 (Edwards APG100-LC) The APG100-L emulation provides a strongly non-linear output with limited resolution in the low range and close to atmosphere.

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
7.50E-06	1.00E-05	1.00E-03	2
1.70E-04	2.27E-04	2.27E-02	2.1
3.75E-04	5.00E-04	5.00E-02	2.2
8.10E-04	1.08E-03	1.08E-01	2.4
1.26E-03	1.68E-03	1.68E-01	2.6
1.95E-03	2.60E-03	2.60E-01	2.8
2.88E-03	3.84E-03	3.84E-01	3
3.86E-03	5.15E-03	5.15E-01	3.2
5.15E-03	6.87E-03	6.87E-01	3.4
7.88E-03	1.05E-02	1.05E+00	3.6
1.17E-02	1.56E-02	1.56E+00	3.8
1.58E-02	2.10E-02	2.10E+00	4
2.08E-02	2.77E-02	2.77E+00	4.2
2.59E-02	3.45E-02	3.45E+00	4.4
3.12E-02	4.16E-02	4.16E+00	4.6
3.78E-02	5.04E-02	5.04E+00	4.8
4.44E-02	5.92E-02	5.92E+00	5
6.56E-02	8.74E-02	8.74E+00	5.2
9.53E-02	1.27E-01	1.27E+01	5.4
1.28E-01	1.71E-01	1.71E+01	5.6
1.67E-01	2.23E-01	2.23E+01	5.8
2.18E-01	2.90E-01	2.90E+01	6
2.68E-01	3.57E-01	3.57E+01	6.2
3.26E-01	4.35E-01	4.35E+01	6.4
4.00E-01	5.33E-01	5.33E+01	6.6
4.80E-01	6.40E-01	6.40E+01	6.8
5.75E-01	7.67E-01	7.67E+01	7
6.92E-01	9.23E-01	9.23E+01	7.2
8.55E-01	1.14E+00	1.14E+02	7.4
1.05E+00	1.40E+00	1.40E+02	7.6
1.25E+00	1.66E+00	1.66E+02	7.8
1.44E+00	1.92E+00	1.92E+02	8
1.79E+00	2.38E+00	2.38E+02	8.2
2.21E+00	2.95E+00	2.95E+02	8.4
2.63E+00	3.51E+00	3.51E+02	8.6
3.13E+00	4.17E+00	4.17E+02	8.8
4.05E+00	5.40E+00	5.40E+02	9
5.30E+00	7.06E+00	7.06E+02	9.2
7.27E+00	9.69E+00	9.69E+02	9.4
9.68E+00	1.29E+01	1.29E+03	9.5
1.25E+01	1.66E+01	1.66E+03	9.6
1.55E+01	2.07E+01	2.07E+03	9.7
2.54E+01	3.39E+01	3.39E+03	9.8
4.74E+01	6.32E+01	6.32E+03	9.9
1.08E+02	1.44E+02	1.44E+04	9.95
7.60E+02	1.00E+03	1.00E+05	10



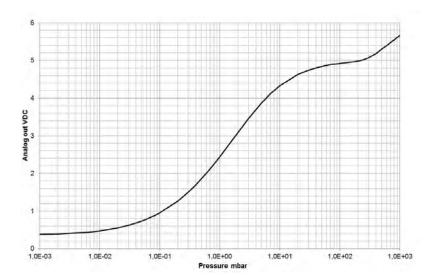
Analog Output calibration = 27 (Edwards APG100-M) The APG100-M emulation provides a strongly non-linear output with limited resolution in the low range and close to atmosphere.

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
7.50E-05	1.00E-04	1.00E-02	2
1.73E-04	2.31E-04	2.31E-02	2.05
4.66E-04	6.21E-04	6.21E-02	2.1
1.02E-03	1.36E-03	1.36E-01	2.2
2.23E-03	2.97E-03	2.97E-01	2.4
3.46E-03	4.61E-03	4.61E-01	2.6
4.88E-03	6.51E-03	6.51E-01	2.8
7.65E-03	1.02E-02	1.02E+00	3
1.10E-02	1.47E-02	1.47E+00	3.2
1.43E-02	1.91E-02	1.91E+00	3.4
2.21E-02	2.95E-02	2.95E+00	3.6
3.12E-02	4.16E-02	4.16E+00	3.8
4.21E-02	5.61E-02	5.61E+00	4
5.40E-02	7.20E-02	7.20E+00	4.2
6.71E-02	8.94E-02	8.94E+00	4.4
8.48E-02	1.13E-01	1.13E+01	4.6
1.09E-01	1.45E-01	1.45E+01	4.8
1.32E-01	1.76E-01	1.76E+01	5
1.67E-01	2.22E-01	2.22E+01	5.2
2.37E-01	3.16E-01	3.16E+01	5.4
3.10E-01	4.13E-01	4.13E+01	5.6
4.05E-01	5.40E-01	5.40E+01	5.8
5.12E-01	6.82E-01	6.82E+01	6
6.31E-01	8.41E-01	8.41E+01	6.2
7.95E-01	1.06E+00	1.06E+02	6.4
9.98E-01	1.33E+00	1.33E+02	6.6
1.20E+00	1.60E+00	1.60E+02	6.8
1.40E+00	1.87E+00	1.87E+02	7
1.70E+00	2.26E+00	2.26E+02	7.2
2.06E+00	2.75E+00	2.75E+02	7.4
2.43E+00	3.24E+00	3.24E+02	7.6
2.80E+00	3.73E+00	3.73E+02	7.8
3.29E+00	4.39E+00	4.39E+02	8
3.97E+00	5.29E+00	5.29E+02	8.2
4.70E+00	6.27E+00	6.27E+02	8.4
5.72E+00	7.63E+00	7.63E+02	8.6
7.04E+00	9.39E+00	9.39E+02	8.8
9.53E+00	1.27E+01	1.27E+03	9
1.25E+01	1.67E+01	1.67E+03	9.2
1.68E+01	2.24E+01	2.24E+03	9.4
2.16E+01	2.88E+01	2.88E+03	9.5
2.65E+01	3.53E+01	3.53E+03	9.6
3.36E+01	4.48E+01	4.48E+03	9.7
4.99E+01	6.65E+01	6.65E+03	9.8
1.06E+02	1.41E+02	1.41E+04	9.9
4.62E+02	6.16E+02	6.16E+04	9.95
7.60E+02	1.00E+03	1.00E+05	10



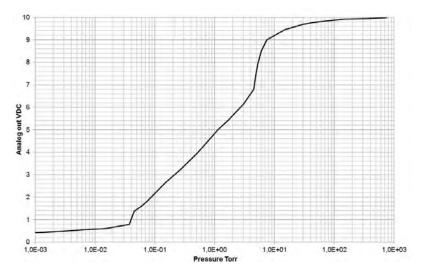
## Analog Output calibration = 28 (MKS 907)

Torr	mah ar	Deseal	Vaut
	mbar	Pascal	Vout
7.50E-04	1.00E-03	1.00E-01	0.387
1.50E-03	2.00E-03	2.00E-01	0.397
3.00E-03	4.00E-03	4.00E-01	0.418
4.50E-03	6.00E-03	6.00E-01	0.437
6.00E-03	8.00E-03	8.00E-01	0.456
7.50E-03	1.00E-02	1.00E+00	0.473
1.50E-02	2.00E-02	2.00E+00	0.551
2.25E-02	3.00E-02	3.00E+00	0.619
3.00E-02	4.00E-02	4.00E+00	0.679
3.75E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E+00	0.733
4.50E-02	6.00E-02	6.00E+00	0.783
5.25E-02	7.00E-02	7.00E+00	0.83
6.00E-02	8.00E-02	8.00E+00	0.874
6.75E-02	9.00E-02	9.00E+00	0.915
7.50E-02	1.00E-01	1.00E+01	0.955
1.50E-01	2.00E-01	2.00E+01	1.271
2.25E-01	3.00E-01	3.00E+01	1.508
3.00E-01	4.00E-01	4.00E+01	1.701
3.75E-01	5.00E-01	5.00E+01	1.864
4.50E-01	6.00E-01	6.00E+01	2.007
5.25E-01	7.00E-01	7.00E+01	2.133
6.00E-01	8.00E-01	8.00E+01	2.246
6.75E-01	9.00E-01	9.00E+01	2.348
7.50E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+02	2.442
1.50E+00	2.00E+00	2.00E+02	3.083
2.25E+00	3.00E+00	3.00E+02	3.452
3.00E+00	4.00E+00	4.00E+02	3.698
3.75E+00	5.00E+00	5.00E+02	3.875
4.50E+00	6.00E+00	6.00E+02	4.009
5.25E+00	7.00E+00	7.00E+02	4.114
6.00E+00	8.00E+00	8.00E+02	4.198
6.75E+00	9.00E+00	9.00E+02	4.268
7.50E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+03	4.327
1.50E+01	2.00E+01	2.00E+03	4.627
1.88E+01	2.50E+01	2.50E+03	4.695
2.25E+01	3.00E+01	3.00E+03	4.743
3.00E+01	4.00E+01	4.00E+03	4.805
3.75E+01	5.00E+01	5.00E+03	4.843
4.50E+01	6.00E+01	6.00E+03	4.872
5.25E+01	7.00E+01	7.00E+03	4.891
5.63E+01	7.50E+01	7.50E+03	4.898
6.00E+01	8.00E+01	8.00E+03	4.904
6.75E+01	9.00E+01	9.00E+03	4.914
7.50E+01	1.00E+02	1.00E+04	4.923
1.50E+02	2.00E+02	2.00E+04	4.987
1.88E+02	2.50E+02	2.50E+04	5.025
2.25E+02	3.00E+02	3.00E+04	5.071
3.00E+02	4.00E+02	4.00E+04	5.183
3.75E+02	5.00E+02	5.00E+04	5.301
4.50E+02	6.00E+02	6.00E+04	5.397
5.25E+02	7.00E+02	7.00E+04	5.478
5.63E+02	7.50E+02	7.50E+04	5.514
6.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+04	5.548
6.75E+02	9.00E+02	9.00E+04	5.61
7.60E+02	1.00E+03	1.00E+05	5.666



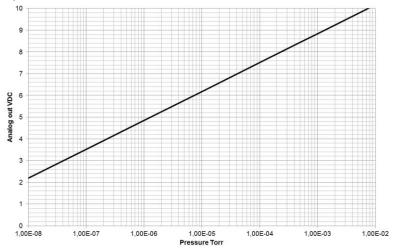
### Analog Output calibration = 29 (K6080)

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
7.50E-06	1.00E-05	1.00E-03	0.4
3.75E-05	5.00E-05	5.00E-03	0.4
7.50E-05	1.00E-04	1.00E-02	0.4
3.00E-04	4.00E-04	4.00E-02	0.4
6.00E-04	8.00E-04	8.00E-02	0.4
7.50E-04	1.00E-03	1.00E-01	0.41
3.00E-03	4.00E-03	4.00E-01	0.48
3.75E-03	5.00E-03	5.00E-01	0.5
6.75E-03	9.00E-03	9.00E-01	0.55
1.50E-02	2.00E-02	2.00E+00	0.61
3.75E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E+00	0.79
4.13E-02	5.50E-02	5.50E+00	1.1
4.50E-02	6.00E-02	6.00E+00	1.37
6.00E-02	8.00E-02	8.00E+00	1.6
7.50E-02	1.00E-01	1.00E+01	1.83
1.50E-01	2.00E-01	2.00E+01	2.64
2.60E-01	3.47E-01	3.47E+01	3.2
4.12E-01	5.50E-01	5.50E+01	3.71
5.31E-01	7.08E-01	7.08E+01	4
7.50E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+02	4.45
1.14E+00	1.51E+00	1.51E+02	5
1.72E+00	2.29E+00	2.29E+02	5.44
3.00E+00	4.00E+00	4.00E+02	6.12
4.50E+00	6.00E+00	6.00E+02	6.8
4.88E+00	6.50E+00	6.50E+02	7.4
5.25E+00	7.00E+00	7.00E+02	7.96
6.00E+00	8.00E+00	8.00E+02	8.5
7.50E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+03	9.01
1.50E+01	2.00E+01	2.00E+03	9.45
3.00E+01	4.00E+01	4.00E+03	9.7
4.50E+01	6.00E+01	6.00E+03	9.78
7.50E+01	1.00E+02	1.00E+04	9.85
1.50E+02	2.00E+02	2.00E+04	9.92
3.00E+02	4.00E+02	4.00E+04	9.95
4.50E+02	6.00E+02	6.00E+04	9.96
6.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+04	9.98
7.60E+02	1.00E+03	1.00E+05	10



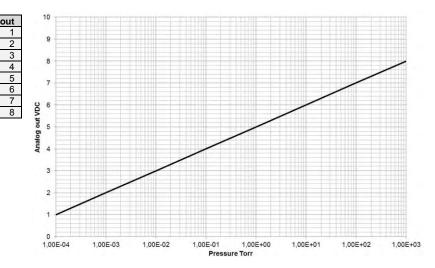
### Analog Output calibration = 30 (Inficon PEG100)

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-08	1.33E-08	1.33E-06	2.186111
1.00E-07	1.33E-07	1.33E-05	3.516111
1.00E-06	1.33E-06	1.33E-04	4.846111
1.00E-05	1.33E-05	1.33E-03	6.176111
1.00E-04	1.33E-04	1.33E-02	7.506111
5.00E-04	6.67E-04	6.67E-02	8.435741
1.00E-03	1.33E-03	1.33E-01	8.836111
1.00E-02	1.33E-02	1.33E+00	10.16611



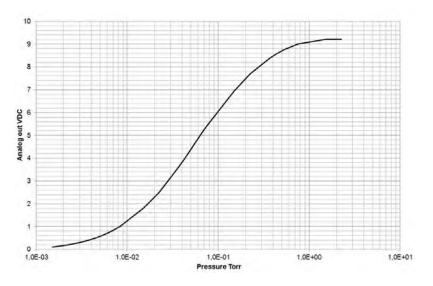
## Analog Output calibration = 31 (Varian Eysys)

Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vo
1.00E-04	1.33E-04	1.33E-02	
1.00E-03	1.33E-03	1.33E-01	
1.00E-02	1.33E-02	1.33E+00	
1.00E-01	1.33E-01	1.33E+01	
1.00E+00	1.33E+00	1.33E+02	
1.00E+01	1.33E+01	1.33E+03	
1.00E+02	1.33E+02	1.33E+04	
1.00E+03	1.33E+03	1.33E+05	



## Analog Output calibration = 32 (Alcatel TA111)

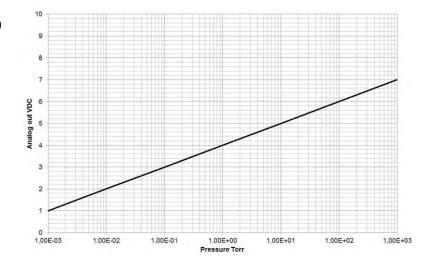
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.50E-03	2.00E-03	2.00E-01	0.1
2.25E-03	3.00E-03	3.00E-01	0.2
3.00E-03	4.00E-03	4.00E-01	0.3
3.75E-03	5.00E-03	5.00E-01	0.4
4.50E-03	6.00E-03	6.00E-01	0.5
5.25E-03	7.00E-03	7.00E-01	0.6
6.00E-03	8.00E-03	8.00E-01	0.7
6.75E-03	9.00E-03	9.00E-01	0.8
7.50E-03	1.00E-02	1.00E+00	0.9
8.25E-03	1.10E-02	1.10E+00	1
1.50E-02	2.00E-02	2.00E+00	1.8
2.25E-02	3.00E-02	3.00E+00	2.5
3.00E-02	4.00E-02	4.00E+00	3.15
3.75E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E+00	3.65
4.50E-02	6.00E-02	6.00E+00	4.1
5.25E-02	7.00E-02	7.00E+00	4.5
6.00E-02	8.00E-02	8.00E+00	4.85
6.75E-02	9.00E-02	9.00E+00	5.15
7.50E-02	1.00E-01	1.00E+01	5.4
1.50E-01	2.00E-01	2.00E+01	6.95
2.25E-01	3.00E-01	3.00E+01	7.7
3.00E-01	4.00E-01	4.00E+01	8.1
3.75E-01	5.00E-01	5.00E+01	8.4
4.50E-01	6.00E-01	6.00E+01	8.6
5.25E-01	7.00E-01	7.00E+01	8.75
7.50E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+02	9
1.50E+00	2.00E+00	2.00E+02	9.2
2.25E+00	3.00E+00	3.00E+02	9.2



### Analog Output calibration = 33 (MKS 685)

 $P = 10^{(Vout - 4)}$ V<sub>out</sub> = 4 + log<sub>10</sub>(P)

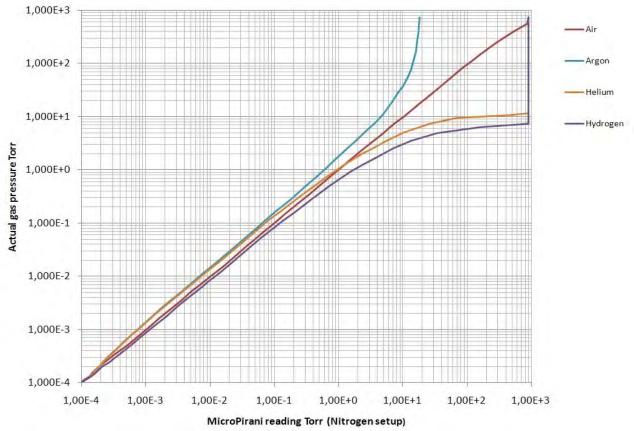
Torr	mbar	Pascal	Vout
1.00E-05	1.33E-05	1.33E-03	1.00
1.00E-04	1.33E-04	1.33E-02	1.00
1.00E-03	1.33E-03	1.33E-01	1.00
1.00E-02	1.33E-02	1.33	2.00
1.00E-01	1.33E-01	13.3	3.00
1.00	1.33	133.3	4.00
10.0	13.3	1333.2	5.00
100	133.3	1.33E+04	6.00
1000	1333.2	1.33E+05	7.00



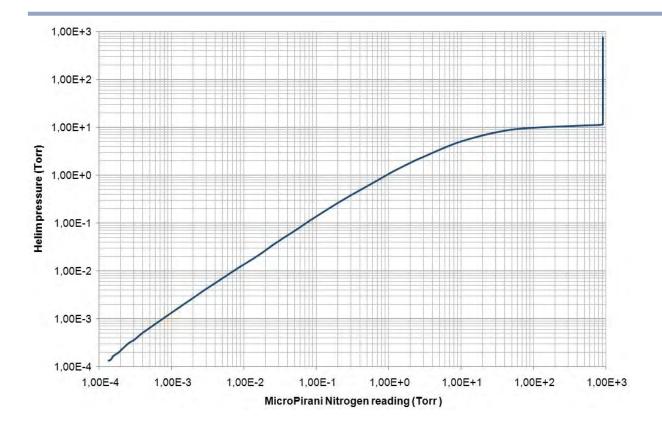
### MicroPirani gas dependence

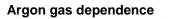
The 901P MicroPirani is based on measurement of thermal conductivity and consequently its reading depends on gas and gas concentration. The 901P has calibration curves for a number of common gases. For gas setup refer to gas calibration, beginning on page 21.

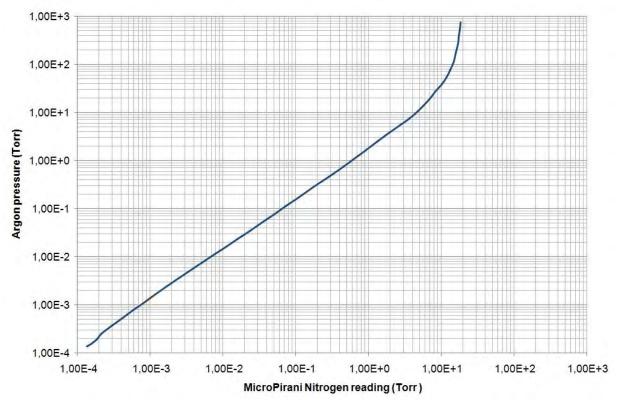
The 901P is per factory default calibrated for Nitrogen gas and below is showed the 901P Nitrogen MicroPirani reading in different gas types.



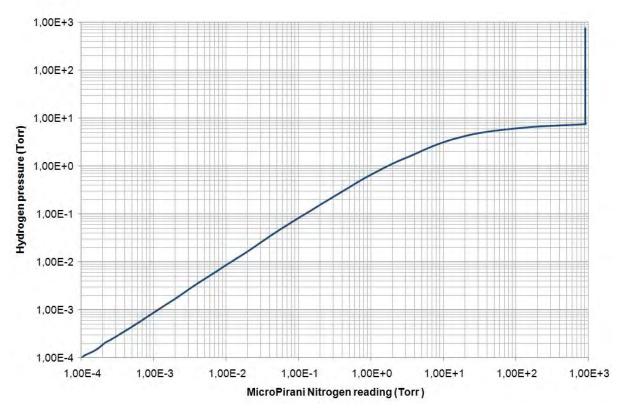
Helium gas dependence







Hydrogen gas dependence



### Query Command list for RS-485/RS-232

(For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

### **Communication information**

Command	Response	Explanation
@xxxBR?;FF	@xxxACK9600;FF	Communication baud rate (4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600,
		115200,230400)
@xxxAD?;FF	@xxxACK253;FF	Transducer communication address (001 to 253)
@xxxRSD?;FF	@xxxACKON;FF	Communication delay between receive and transmit sequence.

#### **Pressure reading**

Command	Response	Explanation
@xxxPR1?;FF	@xxxACK1.23E-3;FF	MicroPirani sensor pressure as 3 digit floating point value.
@xxxPR2?;FF	@xxxACK-7.60E+2;FF	Piezo differential sensor pressure as 3 digit floating point value.
@xxxPR3?;FF	@xxxACK1.23E-3;FF	Combined reading as 3 digit floating point value.
@xxxPR4?;FF	@xxxACK1.234E-3;FF	Combined reading as 4 digit floating point value.

#### Setpoint information

Command	Response	Explanation
@xxxSS1?;FF	@xxxACKSET;FF	Set point relay 1-3 status (SET=Relay energized / CLEAR=Relay
@xxxSS2?;FF		de-energized)
@xxxSS3?;FF		
@xxxSP1?;FF	@xxxACK1.00E-2;FF	Set point 1-3 switch value.
@xxxSP2?;FF		
@xxxSP3?;FF		
@xxxSH1?;FF	@xxxACK1.10E-2;FF	Set point 1-3 hysteresis switch value.
@xxxSH2?;FF		
@xxxSH3?;FF		
@xxxEN1?;FF	@xxxACKDIFF;FF	Set point 1-3 enable status (OFF, DIFF=Piezo differential or
@xxxEN2?;FF		ABS=Absolute Piezo)
@xxxEN3?;FF		
@xxxSD1?;FF	@xxxACKBELOW;FF	Set point relay direction (ABOVE or BELOW)
@xxxSD2?;FF		If set to above relay will be energized above setpoint value. If set to
@xxxSD3?;FF		below relay will be energized below setpoint value.
@xxxSPD?;FF	@xxxACKON;FF	Setpoint safety delay

### **Transducer information**

Command	Response	Explanation
@xxxMD?;FF	@xxxACK901P;FF	Model number (901P)
@xxxDT?;FF	@xxxACKLoadlock;FF	Device type name (MicroPirani)
@xxxMF?;FF	@xxxACKMKS;FF	Manufacturer name (MKS)
@xxxHV?;FF	@xxxACKA;FF	Hardware version
@xxxFV?;FF	@xxxACK1.00;FF	Firmware version
@xxxSN?;FF	@xxxACK08350123456;FF	Serial number
@xxxSW?;FF	@xxxACKON;FF	Switch enable
@xxxTIM?;FF	@xxxACK12345;FF	Time on (hours of operation )
@xxxTEM?;FF	@xxxACK2.50E+1;FF	MicroPirani sensor temperature
@xxxUT?;FF	@xxxACKVACUUM1;FF	User programmed text string
@xxxT?;FF	@xxxACKO;FF	Transducer status check

### Calibration and adjustment information

Command	Response	Explanation
@xxxU?;FF	@xxxACKTORR;FF	Pressure unit setup (Torr, mbar or Pascal)
@xxxGT?;FF	@xxxACKNITROGEN;FF	MicroPirani sensor calibration gas (Nitrogen, Air, Argon, Helium,
		Hydrogen, H2O, Neon, CO2, Xenon)
@xxxVAC?;FF	@xxxACK5.12E-5;FF	Provides delta pressure value between current vacuum zero
		adjustment and factory calibration.
@xxxATM?;FF	@xxxACK1.22E+1;FF	Provides delta pressure value between current atmospheric
		adjustment and factory calibration.
@xxxAO1?;FF	@xxxACK10;FF	Analog voltage output 1: Pressure assignment and calibration. (first
		digit is pressure assignment, second and third digit is calibration)
@xxxAO2?;FF	@xxxACK10;FF	Analog voltage output 2: Pressure assignment and calibration. (first
		digit is pressure assignment, second and third digit is calibration)

xxx = Transducer communication address (001 to 253. Broadcast addresses: 254, 255)

### Setup and configuration command list

(For EtherCAT units, see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol instruction manual #20003335.)

### Setpoint setup and configuration

Command	Response	Explanation
@xxxSP1!2.00E+1;FF	@xxxACK2.00E+1;FF	Set point 1-3 switch value.
@xxxSP2!2.00E+1;FF		
@xxxSP3!2.00E+1;FF		
@xxxSH1!5.00E+1;FF	@xxxACK5.00E+1;FF	Set point 1-3 hysteresis switch value.
@xxxSH2!5.00E+1;FF	_	
@xxxSH3!5.00E+1;FF		
@xxxEN1!ON;FF	@xxxACKON;FF	Set point 1-3 enable status (ON or OFF)
@xxxEN2!ON;FF		
@xxxEN3!ON;FF		
@xxxSD1!BELOW;FF	@xxxACKBELOW;FF	Set point relay direction (ABOVE or BELOW)
@xxxSD2!BELOW;FF		If set to above relay will be energized above setpoint value.
@xxxSD3!BELOW;FF		If set to below relay will be energized below setpoint value.
@xxxSPD!ON;FF	@xxxACKON;FF	Setpoint safety delay (prevent pulse trig of setpoint)

### **Communication setup**

Command	Response	Explanation
@xxxBR!19200;FF	@xxxACK19200;FF	Set communication Baud rate (4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400)
@xxxAD!123;FF	@xxxACK123;FF	Set Transducer communication address (001 to 253)
@xxxRSD!OFF;FF	@xxxACKOFF;FF	Turn on or off communication delay between receive and transmit sequence.

### Calibration and adjustment

Command	Response	Explanation
@xxxU!MBAR;FF	@xxxACKMBAR;FF	Set pressure unit setup (Torr, mbar, Pascal)
@xxxGT!ARGON;FF	@xxxACKARGON;FF	Set MicroPirani sensor calibration gas. (Nitrogen, Air, Argon, Helium, Hydrogen, H2O, Neon, CO2, Xenon)
@xxxVAC!;FF	@xxxACK;FF	Executes MicroPirani zero adjustment
@xxxATM!7.60E+2;FF	@xxxACK;FF	Executes MicroPirani full scale atmospheric adjustment.
@xxxATD!7.60E+2;FF	@xxxACK;FF	Executes Piezo absolute reading at zero differential pressure.
@xxxATZ;FF	@xxxACK;FF	Executes Piezo differential zero adjustment
@xxxAO1!10;FF	@xxxACK10;FF	Set analog voltage output 1 calibration.
@xxxAO1!10;FF	@xxxACK10;FF	Set analog voltage output 2 calibration.

### Information setup

Command	Response	Explanation
@xxxUT!LOADLOCK;FF	@xxxACKLOADLOCK;FF	Set transducer user tag

### **User Switch**

Command	Response	Explanation
@xxxSW!ON;FF	@xxxACKON;FF	Enable / disable user switch

### xxx = Transducer communication address (001 to 253. Broadcast addresses: 254, 255)

### Firmware upgrades (RS-232 only)

The 901 firmware can be upgraded by the user. The following procedure should be used:

- 1. Install the 900 Series firmware download software from the Documentation CD or download from www.mksinst.com/vtsw/
- 2. Turn power off
- 3. Hold down the User switch while turning power on
- 4. Release the User switch
- 5. Run the 900 Series firmware download software and start download

😫 MKS Firwmare	Downloader	×
Technology for	Productivity	
Firmware Port	Status	ler
Code file		
Log file		Document?
		Download Exit 2



Transducers with RS-485 interface cannot be firmware upgraded by the user. Transducers with EtherCAT interface can be upgraded; contact MKS Customer Service for details.

### FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions)

### Applications

**Q**: Can the transducer and sensor element continuously withstand vibrations from a mechanical fore-pump. **A**: Yes – the MEMS MicroPirani sensor element can withstand continuous vibrations.

### Q: Is the transducer compatible with fluorine gases?

A: No – the 901P is not intended for use in aggressive environments like semiconductor etch applications.

# **Q**: When the transducer is pumped down and isolated by closing a valve the pressure is raising. Is the transducer leaking?

**A:** Not likely - when a confined space is evacuated and the pumping is stopped the pressure will rise because of out-gassing, mainly by water vapor. The pressure can easily rise to a few Torr over time.

# **Q:** When the transducer is leak checked on a helium leak detector, leak reading is building up slowly after approximately 30 seconds. Is the transducer leaking?

**A:** No - the internal sealing of the 901P transducer uses elastomer Viton sealing and consequently helium molecules can permeate though the Viton material and cause slow increase of helium leak readout. If a leaking transducer is tested directly on a helium leak detector the leak is almost instantly displayed.

### **Q:** Can the transducer be mounted in any orientation?

**A:** Yes - the transducer can be mounted in any orientation without compromise of performance or calibration. However it is recommended not to mount the transducer with the flange port facing upwards to avoid contamination like particulates or liquids from entering the device. See page 8.

### **Q:** Can the transducer withstand instant ventilation?

**A:** Yes - the MicroPirani and Piezo sensor elements are extremely robust to mechanical forces and can withstand continuously pressure cycles and instant air ventilation.

**Q**: Can I connect a valve to be controlled by the transducer relay contact?

A: Driving inductive loads such as valves requires special precautions. See page 15.

### Q: How many pressure cycles can the transducer withstand?

**A:** Both the MicroPirani and Piezo sensor elements are robust to pressure changes and there are no limits on the number of pressure cycles. The setpoint relay contact endurance is minimum 2,000,000 cycles at 30VDC/0.2A load.

### Analog output

### **Q:** What is the update rate of the analog output?

A: 16 times per second.

### Q: What is the maximum length of analog output cable?

**A:** The length of analog cable depends on cable quality and electrical noise environment, but cable lengths up to 100 m do not normally require any special precautions other than the cable must be screened.

**Q:** The digital reading is correct but the analog output reading has some deviation from actual pressure? **A:** Check that the analog out is connected to a floating input and not an input that is connected to ground. If connected analog out return is connected to ground, the supply current will flow in the signal line and cause voltage drop and ground looping.

Q: Can I get an analog output for the differential Piezo signal? (not available on EtherCAT units)
A: Yes – the analog output can be configured to any of the sensor signals. Refer to analog output set up. Dual analog output is a hardware option. Refer to part numbers page 5.

### Digital output

**Q**: How fast can I request pressure measurements via the digital interface?

**A:** 10 times per second is the fastest recommended pressure request frequency.

**Q**: How long is the waiting time from turning power on to valid measuring values? (not applicable on EtherCAT units)

**A:** The power on sequence is approximately 2 seconds. The status LED will illuminate red during the power up sequence and the digital interface will not reply to commands. On EtherCAT units the LED blinks GREEN when pressure can be read.

**Q:** The first character is sometimes lost in the transducer digital communication reply?

**A:** This can be caused by too fast transducer communication reply. See the RS delay command description, beginning on page 15.

**Q:** *Is it necessary to use the ground wire between RS-485 communication equipment and transducer?* **A:** Yes - both RS-232 and RS-485 communication requires a 3 wire connection between transducer and communication equipment.

### Measurement, Calibration and adjustment

Q: How often does the transducer require calibration or Zero adjustment?

**A:** It depends on the application and pressure range but in many applications user adjustment is never required. Factors that temporarily or permanently can influence the measuring performance is contamination, corrosion, heat and electronic interference.

**Q:** How long is the warm up time before obtaining reliable measurements from the transducer? **A:** The small mass of the sensor element ensures short sensor warm up time. Reliable measurements are typically available within 1 minute.

### Q: Will the transducer retain user calibration after power is shut off?

**A:** Yes - all transducer parameters including calibration data are stored internally in the transducer non-volatile memory.

### Q: The 901P PR1 (MicroPirani) reads 900 Torr at atmospheric pressure of 760 Torr?

**A:** The transducer is based on measurement of thermal conductivity and if exposed to ambient pressure the higher thermal conductivity of air will cause the transducer to read higher values. The transducer is per factory default calibrated with Nitrogen.

**Q:** When exposed to atmospheric pressure, the combined PR3 does not change its reading with barometric pressure changes. Why?

**A:** The PR3 absolute reading is based on the differential Piezo that measures relative to atmosphere. The output is automatically calibrated whenever the transducer is evacuated to pressure below 1.2 Torr absolute. If the transducer is not evacuated to pressure below 1.2 Torr, the absolute reading at atmospheric pressure will not change with barometric pressure changes.

**Q:** Can the 901P provide an atmospheric switch function independent of barometric pressure changes? **A:** Yes, the differential Piezo sensor measures relative to atmospheric barometric pressure and consequently the Piezo setpoint value will always trigger at a value relative to ambient pressure.

### Service and repair

### **Q:** Can the sensor element be changed if contaminated?

**A:** No - the sensor elements cannot be changed with change without its measuring electronics. The transducer flange assembly can be exchanged with the 901P repair kit. Refer to Service and Repair page 57.

Q: +24 VDC supply voltage has been connected to analog output+. Is the transducer damaged?A: Likely - the analog output is not protected against applying power to the output pin.

Q: Reverse voltage has been connected to power supply input. Is the transducer damaged?
A: Not likely – the transducer power supply circuit has reverse voltage and over voltage protection however.
MKS cannot guarantee that the transducer will not be damaged.

# **Q:** The status LED is constantly illuminating red? (not applicable to EtherCAT units; see the EtherCAT Communication Protocol Manual 20003335)

**A:** The red status indicates a defect MicroPirani sensor element most likely damaged by corrosion or contamination. It can also occur if electronics malfunction. Refer to Service and Repair page 57.

# Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible Cause/Remedy		
No digital communication	<ul> <li>Check electrical connections for RS-232/RS-485 units (3 wires from transducer to communication equipment)</li> <li>Transducer and communication equipment baud rate matches</li> <li>Use of incorrect transducer address. Try address 254</li> <li>Attention characters missing (@)</li> <li>Termination characters missing (;FF)</li> </ul>		
NAK180 is received when transmitting setpoint commands	- The transducer setup is locked. Refer to the disable lock procedure page 25.		
Incorrect pressure value	<ul> <li>Other gas present than transducer gas setting or trace of gas.</li> <li>Contaminated sensor. Transducer repair required.</li> <li>Corroded sensor. Transducer repair required.</li> </ul>		
Incorrect pressure value at low pressure.	<ul> <li>Contaminated sensor. Transducer repair required.</li> <li>Corroded sensor. Transducer repair required.</li> <li>Incorrect VAC adjustment has been executed.</li> <li>Transducer exposed to heat or cooling air stream.</li> </ul>		
Incorrect pressure value at high pressure.	<ul> <li>Contaminated sensor. Transducer repair required.</li> <li>Corroded sensor. Transducer repair required.</li> <li>Incorrect ATM adjustment has been executed.</li> <li>Other gas or gas trace present than transducer gas setting.</li> </ul>		
Set point relay does not trip (not applicable on EtherCAT units)	<ul> <li>Setpoint not enabled.</li> <li>Setpoint value not set to proper value.</li> <li>Setpoint direction is different than the user expects.</li> <li>Check electrical connection.</li> <li>Check part number to see if transducer has setpoint relays.</li> </ul>		
No analog output	<ul><li>Power supply turned off.</li><li>Check electrical connections.</li></ul>		
Status LED illuminating red (not applicable on EtherCAT units)	<ul> <li>Sensor element defect. Refer to Service and Repair page 57.</li> </ul>		

### **Service and Repair**

The 901P Transducer repair kit includes the flange and calibrated sensor electronics and can be used for quick and easy customer in-field service of the 901P Transducer. After the installation of the repair kit, the transducer will be operate as a new transducer.

NOTE: The 9XXX-XREP kits are to be used for RS-232/485 configurations only.

Transducers with integrated display (P/N: 901P-xxxx4 and 901P-xxxx6) can be repaired ONLY be an MKS service technician; contact MKS Customer Service for details.

Transducers with an EtherCAT sensor can be repaired ONLY be an MKS service technician; contact MKS Customer Service for details.

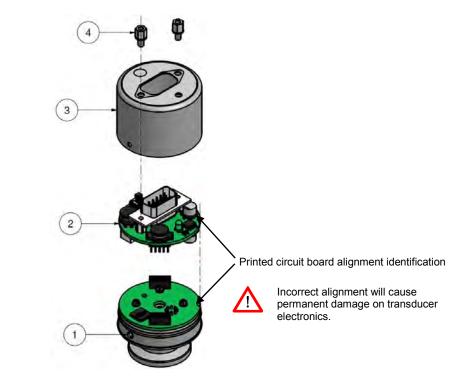
### 901P Transducer repair kit

Part number	Description
901P-1REP	901P Sensor repair kit. KF16 flange
901P-2REP	901P Sensor repair kit. KF25 flange
901P-3REP	901P Sensor repair kit. 1/8" NPT flange
901P-4REP	901P Sensor repair kit. VCR4F flange
901P-5REP	901P Sensor repair kit. VCR8F flange
901P-8REP	901P Sensor repair kit. KF16 extended flange



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Before disassembling the transducer, take precautions to avoid static discharge which can damage the electronics. Use a grounded wrist band if available.



### Installing the 901P transducer repair kit

- 1. Turn power off and disconnect the cable.
- 2. Remove the transducer from the vacuum system.
- 3. Unscrew the two hex screws (4) at the DSUB connector using a 5mm hex wrench.
- 4. Use a paper clip, a small screwdriver or similar to press down the two mounting tabs (1) on the side.

- 5. Carefully remove the enclosure (3).
- 6. Remove the top circuit board (2).
- 7. Mount the top circuit board (2) on the new 901P Sensor repair kit flange and make sure the printed circuit board alignment identifications match the two boards.
- 8. Carefully assemble the enclosure (3) and make sure the mounting tabs (1) click out.
- 9. Install the two hex screws (4).
- 10. If required, re-enter the transducer set points, gas type and other applications parameters.



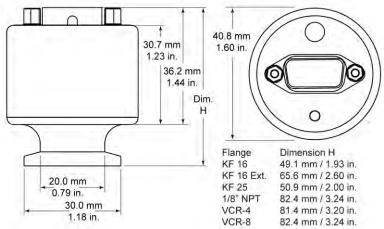
The 901P Sensor repair kit flange does not have customer setup or configuration parameters (such as setpoint settings); it is always delivered with factory default parameters.

The exchanged flange assembly should not be disposed in the normal unsorted waste stream. It should be deposited at an appropriate collection point or facility to enable recovery or recycling.

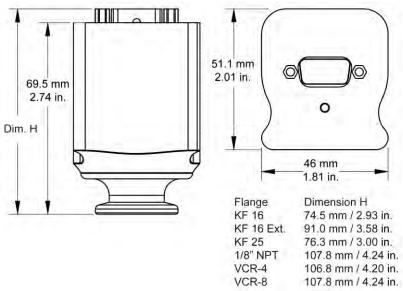
<b>Specifications</b> Measuring range (N <sub>2</sub> and Ai	1×10⁻⁵ to 1500 Torr	
<b>MicroPirani</b> Accuracy <sup>(1)</sup> (N <sub>2</sub> )	5×10 <sup>-4</sup> to 1x10 <sup>-3</sup> Torr: 1×10 <sup>-3</sup> to 100 Torr: 100 Torr to Atm.:	±10% of reading ± 5% of reading ± 25% of reading
Repeatability <sup>(1)</sup> (N <sub>2</sub> ):	1×10 <sup>-3</sup> to 100 Torr:	± 2% of reading
Piezo Differential Accuracy Piezo <sup>(1)</sup> Repeatability <sup>(1)</sup> (N <sub>2</sub> ):	-10 to +10 Torr: -100 to -10 Torr: -760 to -100 Torr: +10 to +100Torr: -760 to +10 Torr	±10% of reading + ±5×10 <sup>-1</sup> Torr ± 8% of reading ± 1% of reading ± 5% of reading ± 1% of reading ± 1% of reading
Supply Voltage: Power consumption: Fuse (thermal recoverable):		9 – 30 VDC < 1.2 Watt 200 mA
Analog output (MKS standa Analog output 1 resolution: Analog output 2 resolution: Analog output impedance: Analog output update rate:		1-9 VDC 16 bit 12 bit 100 Ω 16 Hz
Setpoint relay range: <i>(setpoints N/A EtherCAT)</i> Setpoint relay contact rating: Setpoint relay contact resistance: Setpoint relay contact endurance (30VDC/1A load): Setpoint relay contact endurance (30VDC/0.2A load): Setpoint relay response time:		1×10 <sup>-4</sup> to 1000 Torr 1A / 30 VDC/ac (resistive load) 100 mΩ (max) 100.000 (min) 2.000.000 (min) <100 ms
Materials exposed to vacuu	m:	304 stainless steel silicon SiO₂, Si₃N₄, Gold, Viton®, Low out gassing epoxy resin
Internal volume: KF16 flange KF25 flange VCR4 flange VCR8 flange NPT 1/8"		2.8 cm <sup>3</sup> 6.7 cm <sup>3</sup> 3.6 cm <sup>3</sup> 1.9 cm <sup>3</sup> 3.1 cm <sup>3</sup> 3.1 cm <sup>3</sup>
Housing material: Flange material: Weight:	KF16 flange KF16 long flange KF25 flange VCR4 flange VCR8 flange NPT 1/8"	Stainless steel 304 Stainless steel 304 170g 183g 183g 191g 221g 185g
Operating temperature: Bake out temperature (Pow	er OFF):	0 to 40 °C (32 to 104 °F) 80 °C (176 °F)
Humidity: Ingress Protection Rating:		0 – 95% Non-condensing IP40

(1) Accuracy and repeatability are typical values measured in Nitrogen atmosphere after zero adjustment at ambient temperature.

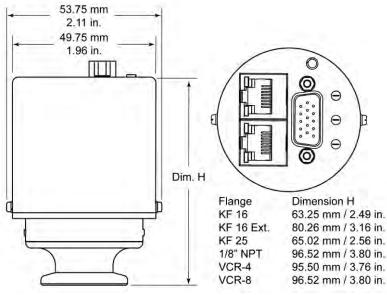
### 901P Transducer Dimensions



901P Transducer Standard Model Dimensions



901P Transducer Digital Display Model Dimensions



901P Transducer EtherCAT Model Dimensions

### Accessories and replacement part numbers

### PDR900 controller

Part number	Description	Interface
PDR900-12-EU	PDR900 Controller	EU Schuko power cable
PDR900-12-US	PDR900 Controller	US power cable
PDR900-12-UK	PDR900 Controller	UK power cable
PDR900-12-JP	PDR900 Controller	JP power cable. mbar / Pascal unit



# **PDR900 Transducer Cables for 901P (15 pin HD DSUB)** For transducer part number: 901P-x12x. 901P-x13x. 901P-x15x

Part number	Description	Interface
100013620	3 m (10ft.)	RS-232
100013621	5 m (16ft.)	RS-232
100013622	7.6m (25ft.)	RS-232
100013623	10 m (33ft.)	RS-232

### For transducer part number: 901P-x22x, 901P-x23x, 901P-x25x

Part number	Description	Interface
100013671	3 m (10ft.)	RS-485
100013672	5 m (16ft.)	RS-485
100013673	7.6m (25ft.)	RS-485
100013674	10 m (33ft.)	RS-485

### PDR900 Connectors & cables

Part number	Description
100010757	Setpoint Relay 3 pin connector
100013638	Analog output 8 pin connector

### 901P Transducer repair kit

Part number	Description
901P-1REP	901P Sensor repair kit. KF16 flange
901P-2REP	901P Sensor repair kit. KF25 flange
901P-3REP	901P Sensor repair kit. 1/8" NPT flange
901P-4REP	901P Sensor repair kit. VCR4F flange
901P-5REP	901P Sensor repair kit. VCR8F flange
901P-8REP	901P Sensor repair kit. KF16 extended flange

# PDR 900 Display and power supply

(N/A EtherCAT)

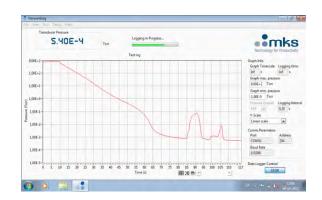
- Plug and play readout for 900 Series transducers
- The easy way for setup and configuration
- Data logger tool for data analysing

See more on: <a href="http://www.mksinst.com/pdr900">www.mksinst.com/pdr900</a>

# 901P Loadlock transducer with integrated display

(N/A EtherCAT)

- Display of real time pressure measurements
- Clear backlight display
- Easy viewing in all environments
- Readout of transducer parameters



# 900 Series VacuumLog software

(N/A EtherCAT)

- Data logger software
- Pressure curve plotting
- Rate of raise diagnostic tool
- Pump down monitoring
- Export of data to Excel spread sheet
- Windows 7 compatible

Free version available on: http://www.mksinst.com/vtsw/



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# 901P Loadlock Vacuum Pressure Transducer Models with RS-232/RS-485, EtherCAT<sub>®</sub>, or Digital Display

# **Installation and Operation Manual**

901P Loadlock Transducer Operation and Installation Manual MKS p/n 100017121 Revision: L, February 2020